

AGREED Acting Director Physics and Mathematics non-profit JSC A.M. Kungozhin 2020 y

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EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM

6B01503 Computer Physics

Code and classification of the field of education: 6B01 - Pedagogical sciences

Code and classification of training areas: 6B015 - Teacher training in science subjects

Group of educational programs: 03 - Physics teacher training

ISCE level: 6

NQF level: 6

IQF level: 6

Training period: 4 years

Total credits: 240

AGREED Acting Director onal University" O.A. Lavrischev

Stamp.

AGREED Acting Director Science Research Institute of Experimental RSE «al-Farabi Kazakh National University» and Theory ical Physics al-Faraby Kazakh National Nanocchuriogy Laboratory of

> M.M. Muratov 2020 y.

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List of abbreviations and symbols

ECTS European Credit Transfer and Accumulation System

EP Educational Program RO Registrar Office

SCES State Compulsory Education Standard

GPA Grade Point Average

ISCE International Standard Classification of Education

NQF National Qualifications Framework IQF Industry Qualifications Framework

EC Educational competency
BC Basic competency

PC Professional competence
LO Learning outcomes
JSC Joint-Stock Company
PhD Doctor of Philosophy
RC Resistor (R), capacitor (C)
EMF Electromotive force

RLC Resistor (R), an inductor (L), and a capacitor (C)

ComSol Multiphysics Simulation Software

TTL Transistor-transistor Logic

CMOS Complementary Metal-Oxide-Semiconductor

NAND Not And

CMOS Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor Structure

Verilog-HDL Verilog Hardware Description Language

LHO Limited Health Opportunities

Sw Software

SDP5 Session Description Protocol
SQL Structured Query Language
SHF Super High Frequency
PHP Hypertext Preprocessor

CISCO Computer Information System Company

CPU Central Processing Unit
ALU Arithmetic Logic Unit
SIS Student Independent Study

TSIS Teacher supervised independent study

GED General education disciplines
CC Compulsory component
UC University component
BD Basic discipline
EC Elective component
PD Professional discipline

1. Description of the educational program

Educational program 6B01503 - Computer Physics is implemented in accordance with the requirements of state standards and regulatory documents in the field of higher education of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

During the formation of the educational program, the faculty and the department use scientifically based approaches to planning, methodological provision and training technologies. This contributes to the preservation of the continuity of state standards, model programs, work curricula and teaching materials. 15 The resulting academic integrity of regulatory and educational documents ensures the effective management of the mechanism for the implementation of educational programs.

Guided by the requirements of the model plan, the content of the catalog of elective courses and the academic calendar, students determine their individual path for each academic year. The logic of drawing up an individual plan determines the choice of elective courses, teachers, supervisor, topics of both course and graduation projects. Methodological assistance to students in the formation of an individual trajectory is provided by advisors. The trajectory of bachelor's studies is based on the vertical principle of continuity of academic courses; the curricula of educational trajectories are built taking into account the semester- based distribution; division into compulsory and elective components; general educational, basic, major academic courses.

The curriculum pays adequate attention and time to the professional component, natural sciences, and mathematics, as well as humanities and socio-economic disciplines.

In order to fully familiarize with the competencies obtained when choosing a particular educational program, advisers hold presentations, consultations and meetings with students in scientific and educational laboratories of the University. Responsibility for the work of the adviser service is borne by the head of the Registration Office and the heads of departments.

Working curriculum is one of the fundamental educational documents developed based on students' individual plans and regulates the order of development of the educational program. Based on the principles of continuity, continuation and adaptability, the working curriculum contains a list of academic courses, number of credits, duration of semesters, class types and control forms.

The study of any academic course, regardless of its academic status, is completed by passing an examination (course work (project)) and awarding credits; the minimum amount of credits for the entire period of study must be 240 ECTS credits.

1.1 Natural Sciences and Mathematics block

– to possess basic knowledge of fundamental mathematical, natural science and technical academic courses that contribute to the formation of a highly educated person with a broad outlook and level of thinking; to have the ability to define and understand the role of mathematics and physics in the world; to express well-founded mathematical judgments; to use mathematics and physics for needs appropriate to the creative, interested and thinking person; to understand the role of physical processes in the nature, technical capabilities and prospects for the use of physical technologies in various fields of human activity;

1.2 Humanitarian and socio-economic block

- To provide conditions for mastering literate and developed speech; native and foreign languages; knowledge in the field of communication technology, communication strategies, skills and techniques of constructive dialogue, communication in a multicultural, multi-ethnic and multireligious society;
- To get an idea about ethical, spiritual and cultural values, as well as about the basic laws and forms of regulation of social behavior, sociological approaches to the individual; to learn the traditions and culture of the people of Kazakhstan; to know the trends in the development of society; be able to adequately navigate in various social situations, think creatively, be tolerant to the traditions and culture of other nations of the world; to have an active life position;
 - To know economic basics; to become competent and have an understanding of economics.

1.3 Block of general professional and special academic courses

To be able to apply the knowledge of physics in the professional activities of a physics teacher in schools, secondary and special educational institutions taking into account information and communication technologies (ICT), to plan and organize the project activities of future physics teachers, to organize actual and virtual laboratory work; to understand the role and place of physics in solving problems of electronic engineering, telecommunications networks, computers and software, as well as using skills in these areas in the professional activities of a physics teacher; to use ICT, interactive 17 whiteboards and multimedia projectors for technical support of active types of education; to possess the skills of processing information of various kinds, including to receive, extract and systematize digital, textual, graphic and visual, hypermedia information and physical data bases; to use multimedia resources and media; own methods to search the information on the Internet and databases of physical data; to find, select and process data from digital and Internet sources; to be able to use models and perform object modeling, to master the methods to create multimedia presentations; to possess programming skills using modern tools, to develop algorithmic and operational thinking, logical, intellectual and creative abilities of students by means of information and communication technologies.

Professional sphere

The professional sphere of a bachelor in EP 6B01503 - Computer Physics is educational institutions (secondary schools, pedagogical colleges, institutes of advanced training and retraining of pedagogical personnel, education departments).

Objects of professional activity

The objects of professional activity of graduates are educational government-financed institutions, educational nongovernment-financed institutions, schools, lyceums, gymnasiums, colleges, vocational educational and training institutions; managerial organizations: government bodies, education departments.

Types of professional activity

The types of professional activities of graduates: socio-pedagogical, educational, research, organizational and methodological, cultural and educational, production and technological, organizational and managerial.

2. The purpose and objectives of the educational program

The aim of the educational program is to prepare in high demand, competitive and highly qualified teachers who are fluent in English, with all kinds of competencies necessary for the labor market in education, skilled in modern teaching methods, ICT technologies, and who are able to assess and analyze the current state of the industry.

Objectives of the EP:

- 1. Providing conditions for mastering a competent and developed speech, knowledge of native and foreign languages, knowledge in the field of communication technology, communication strategies, skills of constructive dialogue, communication in a multicultural, multi-ethnic and multi-denominational society.
- 2. Possession of basic knowledge in fundamental mathematical, natural science and technical disciplines that contribute to the formation of a highly educated person with wide outlook and thinking culture, have the ability to determine and understand the role of mathematics and physics in the world, express well-founded mathematical judgments, use mathematics and physics for the needs inherent in creative, interested and thinking citizen; understand the role of physical processes in nature and technology, technical capabilities and prospects for the use of information technology in various fields of human activity.

- 3. To know the basic laws and principles of physics, apply this knowledge in pedagogical activities, and posses the methods of education and teaching physics. Ability to apply information and communication technologies (ICT) in professional activities, posses network and multimedia technologies for planning and organizing project activities for future physics teachers, for organizing online forums and seminars, and a virtual learning environment; use ICTs, interactive whiteboards and multimedia projectors for technical support of active types of training; to have skills in processing information of various types, including: receiving, retrieving and systematizing digital, text, graphic and visual, hypermedia information and databases; apply multimedia resources and media; posses methods of searching for information on the Internet and databases: find, select and process data from digital and Internet sources; the ability to use models and perform modeling of physical objects and processes, to posses methods for creating multimedia presentations; posses programming skills using modern tools, the development of algorithmic and operational thinking, logical, intellectual and creative abilities of students by means of information and communication technologies. Have basic knowledge of electronic and telecommunication technologies.
- 4. Possession of a system of subject, psychological, pedagogical and methodological knowledge, skills and abilities to apply theoretical knowledge in professional activities, taking into account specific socio-pedagogical conditions, knowledge of the methods of organizing innovative activities in the teaching of physics, knowledge of the theory of pedagogical integration, pedagogical innovation, pedagogical technologies, the ability to integrate knowledge from various subject areas in solving pedagogical problems; knowledge of the methods of planning and conducting criteria-based assessment in physics lessons; Skills in planning educational activities within the framework of inclusive education; providing students with basic knowledge and skills to work with modern information and communication technologies for their effective use in the conditions of updated educational content, implementing trilingual education, which involves teaching not only three languages, but also organizing extracurricular activities of students in three languages (Kazakh, Russian and English), the ability to organize pedagogical cooperation (teacher-student, teacher-teacher, teacher-parent), including in the conditions of specialized training, consolidation of theoretical knowledge during training and pedagogical practices.
- 5. To be aware of ethical, spiritual and cultural values, of the basic laws and forms of regulation of social behavior, and of sociological approaches to the person, to know the traditions and culture of the peoples of Kazakhstan, to know the trends in the development of society, to be able to adequately navigate in various social situations, think creatively, be tolerant to traditions, the culture of other nations of the world, have an active attitude to life.
- 6. Possessing the basics of economic knowledge, in particular management in education, and be competent and have ideas in the field of economics.

3. Requirements for the assessment of educational program learning outcomes

The following examination forms are used as an assessment of learning outcomes: computer testing, written exam (answers on the sheets), oral exam, project (submitting a course project), practical (open questions on a computer, solving problems on a computer) comprehensive (test / written / oral + others). The following exams are recommended in accordance with table 1::

Table 1

No	Exams format	Recommended share, %
1	Computer testing	20%
2	Written exam	10%
3	Oral exam	5%
4	Project	30%
5	Practical	30%
6	Comprehensive	5%

In accordance with the provision of the grade-rating system for assessing student performance, control is performed during the ongoing monitoring of progress, interim and final certification.

Ongoing performance is monitored in all organizational study modes (types of academic studies): lecture, seminar, practical session, laboratory session, independent work, examination, consultation, educational and production practice. Types of current control: Operational and midterm.

Operational control of knowledge is carried out in order to objectively assess the quality of mastering the current program material under an academic course, the level of formation of general and professional competencies, as well as to stimulate students for learning activities, monitor the results of educational activities, prepare for midterm attestation. Forms of operational control include control work, testing, questioning, the preparation and defense of practical and laboratory project, the implementation of individual sections of the course project (course work), the performance of abstracts (reports), control over the implementation of extracurricular independent work, control over the implementation of written tasks, individual tasks; preparation of presentations, etc.

Midterm control is aimed at the comprehensive assessment of the level of mastering the program material according to the academic calendar of the University.

Current control forms, content and grades are determined by the teacher and specified in the academic course syllabus for the student.

Current control grade consists of grades from the current control of the curricular and extracurricular studies and grades from midterm control. Current control is rated on a 100% scale.

Verification of educational achievements is carried out by various types and forms of control.

Academic achievements of students for all types of control are evaluated according to a scorerating letter system to assess educational achievements of students.

According to the results of midterm attestation, the Registrar's office (RO) compiles an academic rating of students.

The order of the midterm control of students' achievement.

Midterm attestation of students at the University is carried out in accordance with the academic calendar, working curriculum and curriculum programs developed based on the State Compulsory Educational Standard and curriculum programs.

The period of midterm attestation of students is called the examination session. Midterm attestation of students is carried out in the form of exams, defense of coursework (projects) and reports on professional practice with the obligatory grading.

The form of the examination for each academic course is determined in the working program of the academic course and approved by the Scientific and Methodological Council of the University. According to the results of midterm attestation, the Registrar's office compiles an academic rating of students.

Based on examination results for the academic course, the final grade for the academic course is generated in percentage and is determined by the following formula: $G_{FINAL}\% = \frac{R_1 + R_2}{2} \times 0.6 + F \times 0.4,$

$$G_{FINAL}\% = \frac{R_1 + R_2}{2} \times 0.6 + F \times 0.4,$$

Where: R_1 - first rating grade, percentage

 R_2 - second rating grade, percentage

F - examination grade, percentage.

The final grade is percentage G_{FINAL} % is conversed into the final grade G_{FINAL} in numerical and letter equivalents according to Table 1.

Table 1.

Letter Grade	Numerical grade	Percentage grade	Traditional grade
A	4,0	95-100	Excellent
A-	3,67	90-94	Excellent

B+	3,33	85-89	Good
В	3,0	80-84	Cood
B-	2,67	75-79	Good
C+	2,33	70-74	
С	2,0	65-69	
C-	1,67	60-64	Satisfactory
D+	1,33	55-59	
D	1,0	50-54	
FX	0	25-49	Unsatisfactory with a retake
F	0	0-24	Unsatisfactory

A positive grade for the midterm attestation serves as the basis for offsetting credits in the prescribed amount for the relevant academic course and is recorded in the student's transcript.

If the student receives an "unsatisfactory F" grade for the final control (examination), the final grade for the academic course is not counted and its credits are not included.

In order to retake the examination from an "unsatisfactory F" grade to a positive one or increase the average grade (GPA), the student in the next academic period should re-attend all types of academic studies provided by the working curriculum for the academic course, and receive admission and pass the final control. In this case, the student should again go through the procedure of registration for the academic course.

The "FX" grade means that the student has the right to retake the academic course without retraining the theoretical course.

The "FX" grade is set for students who have less than 20% admission or who have received admission to the final control, but who have received an "unsatisfactory" grade.

In order to improve GPA, the student should choose the academic courses for re-study or retake the academic course on a fee basis. Retake of academic course in the same academic period is not allowed.

Students take exams in strict accordance with the approved working and individual curriculum, working curricula of academic courses. The student who disagrees with the result of the exam, must make an appeal no later than the next working day after the final control.

For the period of the examination session (midterm attestation), according to the order of the head of the higher education institution, an appeal commission is created from among the teachers whose qualifications correspond to the profile of the appealed academic courses.

The decision of the appeals commission shall be drawn up by the protocol whereby the examination sheet is compiled.

Based on the results of examination sessions (results of the winter, spring and summer sessions) of the academic period, the Registrar's office calculates a convertible score as a weighted average of the student's achievements.

Final certification ends with the defense of the graduation project.

4. Passport of the educational program

4.1 General Information

No	Field name	Note
1	Education area code and	6B01 – Pedagogical sciences
	classification:	
2	Code and classification of training areas:	6B015 - Teacher training in science subjects
3	Group of educational programs:	03 – Physics teacher training
4	Name of the educational program	6B01503 Computer Physics
5	Brief description of the educational program	The sphere of professional activity of graduates is the education and development of students in general educational organizations, educational institutions and centers; the field of science, organizations, institutions and enterprises related to research in the field of physics and technology, in particular radio-electronic and telecommunication technologies and computer modeling.
		The subject of the professional activity of graduates is: the educational process in the unity of its value-target guidelines, content, methods, forms and results; research, innovation, information and analytical activity in the field of physics, mathematics, pedagogy, psychology and teaching methods; the technological process of designing, implementing and maintaining software, mathematical and information support; software for computer visualization of tasks of science and technology, animation of natural processes, abstract concepts in scientific research and pedagogical activity; modern mathematical methods, methods of theoretical and experimental physics, mathematics for solving problems of science, education, technology, economics and management.
		The objects of professional activity of graduates are: state and non-state funded educational institutions, educational institutions, schools, lyceums, gymnasiums, colleges, technical and vocational education institutions; organizations of science: scientific, research centers in the field of physics, mathematics, pedagogy, psychology and teaching methods; management organizations: government bodies, education departments; organizations of various forms of ownership using the methods of physics and mathematics, radio-electronic and telecommunication techniques, and computer technologies in their work.

6	The purpose of the EP	The aim of the educational program is to prepare in
		high demand, competitive and highly qualified teachers who are fluent in English, with all kinds of competencies necessary for the labor market in education, skilled in modern teaching methods, ICT technologies, and who are able to assess and analyze the current state of the industry
7	ISCE level	6
8	NFQ level	6
9	IQF level	6

- 10 List of competencies of the educational program:
 - CC1. To possess basic knowledge in the field of social, humanitarian, economic disciplines that contribute to the formation of a highly educated personality with a broad outlook and culture of thinking.
 - CC2. To know the social and ethical values based on public opinion, traditions, customs, social norms and focus on them in their professional activities, know the basics of the legal system and legislation of Kazakhstan; comply with business ethics, possess ethical and legal standards of conduct.
 - CC3. To be able to work in a team, correctly defend one's point of view, propose new solutions; be able to find compromises, relate your opinion with the opinion of the team; strive for professional and personal growth.
 - CC4. To possess the basics of economic knowledge, have a scientific understanding of management in education, etc.; know and understand the goals and methods of state regulation of education, the role of the public sector in education.
 - CC5. To be capable of professional written and oral communication in the Kazakh and Russian languages; know a foreign language at the level necessary to perform professional tasks.
 - BC1. To be able to master the methods of solving problems in various branches of physics; to solve problems; build mathematical models of physical processes, perform discretization of differential equations of physics, plotting physical processes and visualizing the results obtained
 - BC2. To be capable of generalization, analysis, perception of information, setting a goal and choosing ways to achieve it; can formulate arguments and solve problems in the field of education and teaching physics; able to collect and interpret information for the formation of judgments, taking into account social, ethical and scientific-pedagogical considerations.
 - BC3. To posses the methods of conducting and demonstrating a school experiment, to be able to substantiate the decisions made and implemented in the field of a physical experiment; be able to analyze and apply the results in practice.
 - BC4. To be able to master the features and innovations in teaching physics and astronomy at school; apply this knowledge to explain the conditions for the occurrence of various phenomena in nature, the professional sphere and for making practical decisions in everyday life; show the formation of their own position in relation to information obtained from different sources.
 - PC1. To be able to participate in the team of performers when performing laboratory, practical, lecture and other types of physics lessons at school; to be able to reflect, objectively assess their achievements; improve their physical qualities and mental abilities, competently use linguistic and cultural linguistic knowledge to solve communication problems in a multilingual and multicultural society of the Republic of Kazakhstan and in the international arena.
 - PC2. Possess the ability to produce and evaluate experiment measuring the measurement results; conduct experimental studies of various phenomena, processes, properties of substances and determine the parameters of states.
 - PC3. To be able to use the evaluation data of measurement results in the educational process

- and in practice; analyze the measurement results, detect the relationship between the quantities, use the results and draw conclusions.
- PC4. To be able to use advanced technology in conducting classes in school physics and astronomy.
- 11 Learning outcomes of the educational program:
 - LO1. Be able to communicate in oral and written forms including in foreign language, formulate and prove justifiably personal point of view, worldview and citizen position in interpersonal interaction and intercultural medium.
 - LO2. Demonstrate and apply basic mathematic, natural science, humanitarian, social economic and law knowledge in interdisciplinary context for solution of professional problems in field of physics.
 - LO3. Demonstrate ability to self-organization, self- education and professional perfection, critical understanding of experience obtained.
 - LO4. Use in professional activity various types of information-communication technologies: internet- resources, cloud and mobile services on search, storage, treatment, protection and distribution of information; use methods of analytical and numerical calculation of problems, computer methods of collection, storage and treatment of information.
 - LO5. Demonstrate ability to gaining of new, widening and deepening of earlier obtained knowledge, abilities and competences in various fields of human activity including at the interface of various directions of activity and fields of science.
 - LO6. Demonstrate skills of participation in creation of mathematical and physical models. Use methodologies of mathematical treatment of results of theoretical and experimental research.
 - LO7. Carry out engineer calculations on typical methodologies and projecting certain physical problems in accordance with technical task.
 - LO8. Be able to forecast, plan and control education- training process in conditions of renewed content of secondary education with account of physiological and functional peculiarities of processes of development, individual education needs of trainees and students.
 - LO9. Be able to use in professional activity the basic knowledge of fundamental parts of mathematics, create mathematical models of typical professional problems and interpret results obtained with account of boundaries of models applicability.
 - LO10. Be able to use basic theoretical knowledge of fundamental parts of general and theoretical physics, astronomy for solution of professional problems.
 - LO11. Be able to project, organize and analyze pedagogical activity providing succession of information presentation and interdisciplinary relations of physics to other disciplines, use in their own work the progressive ideas of the past and the modern time, projecting and approve own innovations, analyze and evaluate results of implementations of innovations into education-training process, self-regulation and reflection, critical and creative thinking, consciousness, formulation and solution of pedagogical problems.
 - LO12. Be able to organize and set up physical experiment (laboratory, demonstration, and computer) and be able to organize cognitive activity of students in process of physical experiment.
 - LO13. Be able to organize and guide education- investigation activity of students, planning and organization theirs self-education, study self-consistently, realize own individual style of study, thinking and learning, develop needs and ability to self-education and self-development; critically analyze teachers experience, pedagogical literature and normative documentation.

	12	Mode of study	Full-time
Ī	13	Medium of instruction	English
	14	Credits	240 ECTS

15	Awarded academic degree	Bachelor of Education in the program of 6B01503 -						
		«Computer Physics»						
16	Developer (s) and the authors:	«International University of Information						
		Technology» JSC, the department of « Radio						
		engineering, electronics and telecommunications »:						
		- Daineko Y.A., PhD, Assistant Professor.						
		- Aitmagambetov A.Z., C.T.Sc, Professor.						
		- Duzbayev N.T., PhD, Associate professor.						
		- Kabatayeva R.S., PhD, Assistant Professor.						
		- Shapiyeva A.Y., senior-lecturer, MSc.						
		- Manatuly A., lecturer, MSc.						

4.2 Correlation matrix of the learning outcomes of educational programs with evolving competencies

	LO1	LO2	LO3	LO4	LO5	LO6	LO7	LO8	LO9	LO10	LO11	LO12	LO13
CC1	٧												
CC2	V												
CC3			V										
CC4					٧								
CC5	V												
BC1						٧	V			V			
BC2		V		V	٧								
BC3											٧	V	
BC4								V	V				٧
PC1								V			٧		V
PC2										V		٧	
PC3							٧			V			
PC4				V							V		

4.3. Information about the disciplines

Nº	Name of the discipline	Brief description of the discipline (30-50 words)	Num ber of credi ts	Acquired competencie s (codes)	Prerequisites	Post requisites
	The c	cycle of general education discipl	ines			
		Compulsory component				
1	Modern history of Kazakhstan	Studied the laws of the historical process, the place of man in the historical process	5	CC2	No	No
2	Philosophy	The principles of understanding philosophy as a methodology of human activity, readiness for self-knowledge, Amateur activity, development of cultural wealth as a factor of harmonization of personal and	5	CC1, CC2	No	No

Studied. The skills of written and oral communication in the language of international communication are taught. Skills of written and oral communication in the state language are imparted. Skills of written and oral communication in the state language are imparted. Information and communication information and technology (in English) Skills for identification of natural-scientific essences and the problems arising in the course of professional activity are imparted. Ability to systematize knowledge of the world and Kazakhstan legislation in the field of information security. Sociology The study of society, its development and patterns of social phenomena. Study of cultural heritage, interethnic relations, Knowledge of material, social and spiritual activities of people CC2 No	Professionally- oriented foreign language No Introduction to the programming No No Educational Psychology
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Skills for identification of natural-scientific essences and the problems arising in the course of professional activity are imparted. Ability to systematize knowledge of the world and Kazakhstan legislation in the field of information security. Psychology The study of society, its development and patterns of social phenomena. Study of cultural heritage, interethnic relations, CC2 CC2 CC3 No No No No No No No CC3 CC3	No Educational
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6 Political science the problems arising in the course of professional activity are imparted. Ability to systematize knowledge of the world and Kazakhstan legislation in the field of information security. Psychology The study of society, its development and patterns of social phenomena. Study of cultural heritage, interethnic relations, relations, Study of material, social 2 CC2 No	Educational
course of professional activity are imparted. Ability to systematize knowledge of the world and Kazakhstan legislation in the field of information security. The study of society, its development and patterns of social phenomena. Study of cultural heritage, interethnic relations, relations, Study of material, social 2 CC2 No	Educational
Ability to systematize knowledge of the world and Kazakhstan legislation in the field of information security. The study of society, its development and patterns of social phenomena. Study of cultural heritage, interethnic relations, CC3 CC3 No CC3 No	Educational
Sociology Knowledge of the world and Kazakhstan legislation in the field of information security. 2 CC3	Educational
Kazakhstan legislation in the field of information security. The study of society, its development and patterns of social phenomena. Study of cultural heritage, interethnic relations, 9 Culturology Knowledge of material, social 2 CC2 No	
Razakhstan legislation in the field of information security. The study of society, its development and patterns of 2 CC2 No social phenomena. Study of cultural heritage, interethnic relations, relations, Study of material, social 2 CC2 No	
8 Psychology The study of society, its development and patterns of 2 CC2 No social phenomena. Study of cultural heritage, interethnic relations, Knowledge of material, social 2 CC2 No	
8 Psychology development and patterns of 2 CC2 No social phenomena. Study of cultural heritage, interethnic relations, Value of Material, social 2 CC2 No	
social phenomena. Study of cultural heritage, interethnic relations, Culturology Knowledge of material, social 2 CC2 No	Psychology
Study of cultural heritage, interethnic relations, 9 Culturology Knowledge of material, social 2 CC2 No	
Interethnic relations,	
and spiritual activities of people	No
and spiritual values.	
The ability to understand the	NT
Physical Culture practical use of healthy 8 CC1 No	No
lifestyles, including prevention. Cycle of General Education Disciplines	
University component/Elective component	
Actual problems of the theory	
and methodology of teaching	
physics. The main objectives of	
learning physics. The	
relationship of teaching methods and methods of	
Physics Teaching scientific Impulades DC1 DC2	Innovative
1 Methodology Classification of teaching 5 BC1, BC2, BC3, BC4 Pedagogy	methods of
physics. Methods of teaching	physics teaching
physics with regard to teaching	
aids (demonstration,	
laboratory, problem solving).	
Forms of the organization of the	
educational process in physics. Cycle of basic disciplines	
University component	
Physics and measurement.	
Vectors. One-dimensional and	
two-dimensional motion	
kinematics. Dynamics of a	
point particle and a rigid body.	
1 Mechanics Newton's laws. Circular 6 BC1, BC3 No	Molecular physics
motion and other applications of Newton's laws. Work and	
energy. The laws of	
conservation. Linear	
momentum and collisions.	
Center of the mass. The motion	

		of a system of particles. Non- inertial reference frames. Rigid body mechanics. The moment of inertia and the application of the laws of the dynamics of a rigid body. Universal gravitation. Statics of liquids and gases. Hydrodynamics. Oscillations. Waves. Theory of relativity.				
2	Professionally- oriented foreign language	Includes a grammar course, vocabulary of professional nature and texts of professional orientation.	4	BC1, BC4	Foreign language	No
3	Mathematical Analysis - 1	Functions. The superposition of two functions. Inverse functions. Numeric sequences. The limit of the sequence. Cauchy criterion. The basic properties of converging sequences. Subsequences. Lemma Bolzano-Weierstrass. Limit function. Properties of the limit function. Infinitely small and infinitely large functions. Comparison of infinitely small quantities. Remarkable limitations. Continuous functions. Continuous functions. Continuous functions. The basic properties of continuous functions. The first and second Weierstrass theorems. Bolzano-Cauchy theorem. The derivative of the function. The physical and geometric meaning of the derivative. Tangent line. Table of derivatives and differentiation rules. Differentiation of the composite function. Differential function. Theorems on differentiable functions (Rolle, Lagrange, Cauchy). Hospital rule. Derivatives and differentials of higher orders. Taylor Formula. Maclaurin's formula for some functions. Intervals of monotony. Extreme points. Concave and convex functions. Points of inflection Asymptotes. The general scheme of the analysis of the function and the construction of its schedule. Primitive. Indefinite integral and its properties. Table of main integrals. Integration in parts. Integration of rational	4	BC2	No	Mathematical analysis - 2

	1	for the state of t		1	1	
		functions. Integration of				
		irrational and trigonometric functions.				
		Definite integral. Newton- Leibniz formula. Basic				
		properties. Theorems about the				
		mean for a definite integral.				
		Riemann integral. Definition				
		Upper and lower Riemann				
		sums and their properties.				
		Necessary and sufficient				
		conditions for the existence of				
		the Riemann integral. The main				
		properties of the Riemann				
		integral. Class of Riemann				
		integrable functions. Mean				
		value theorems. The main				
		theorem of calculus. Incorrect				
		integrals of the first and second				
		kind. Applications of a definite				
		integral. Arc length, area in				
		Cartesian and polar				
		coordinates. Volume The solid				
1		body of the revolution. Surface				Differential
4	Mathematical	area. Numerical integration.	4	BC2	Mathematical	equations
-	Analysis - 2	Rectangular approximation.	7	BC2	analysis - 1	equations
		Trapezoidal approximation.				
		Simpson approximation.				
		Infinite number series, basic				
	l	concepts. Necessary condition				
		for convergence. Harmonic				
		series. Geometric series. A				
		series with non-negative				
		conditions. Convergence tests				
		for series with non-negative conditions. Alternation series.				
		Leibniz theorem. Absolute and				
		conditional convergence.				
		Sequences and series of				
		functions. Point and uniform				
		convergence. Major series.				
		Weierstrass theorem. Power				
1		series. Abel's theorem. The				
		main properties of power				
		series. Power series of Taylor				
		and Maclaurin. Applications of				
		power series. Fourier series.				
		Types of events, direct				
		calculation of the probability of				
		occurrence of events.				
		Probability addition and				
		multiplication theorems. More				
		difficult tasks of adding and				
		multiplying probabilities. The				
5	Theory of	formula for total probability.	3	BC2	No	No
	probabilities	Bayes formula. Independent				
		trials and Bernoulli formula.				
		Discrete random variable and				
		its distribution function.				
		Continuous random variable				
		and its distribution function.				
		Mathematical expectation and variance of a random variable.				
	1	variance of a random variable.			1	

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6	Introduction to programming	To study the methodological basis of program development and practical programming skills.	4	BC1, BC3	Information and communication technology (in English)	Basics of scientific computation
7	Molecular physics	Molecular kinetic theory. The internal energy of the system and the first law of thermodynamics. The equation of state of an ideal gas. Internal energy and heat capacity of an ideal gas. Adiabatic process. Polytropic processes. Maxwell distribution. Boltzmann distribution. Transfer phenomena. Real gases. Basics of thermodynamics. Thermal machines. Entropy. Crystalline state. Liquid state Phase equilibria and transformations.	6	BC1, BC3	Mechanics	Electricity and Magnetism
8	Electricity and Magnetism	Electric Fields. Properties of Electric Charges. Charging Objects by Induction. Coulomb's Law. The Electric Field. Electric Field Lines. Motion of Charged Particles in a Uniform Electric Field. Gauss's Law. Electric Flux. Gauss's Law. Distributions. Conductors in Electrostatic Equilibrium. Formal Derivation of Gauss's Law. Electric Potential. Potential Difference and Electric Potential. Potential Differences in a Uniform Electric Field. Electric Potential and Potential Energy Due to Point Charges. Obtaining the Value of the Electric Field from the Electric Potential. Electric Potential Due to a Charged Conductor. The Millikan Oil-Drop Experiment. Applications of Electrostatics. Capacitance and Dielectrics. Definition of Capacitance. Calculating Capacitance. Calculating Capacitance. Combinations of Capacitors. Energy Stored in a Charged Capacitor. Capacitors with Dielectrics. Electric Dipole in an Electric Field. Current and Resistance. Electric Current. Resistance. A Model for Electrical Conduction. Resistance and Temperature. Superconductors. Electrical Power. Direct Current Circuits. Electromotive Force. Resistors in Series and Parallel. Kirchhoff's Rules. RC Circuits. Magnetic Fields. Magnetic Field and Forces. Magnetic	6	BC1, BC3	Molecular physics	Optics

		T= = -		T	1	T
		Force Acting on a Current-				
		Carrying Conductor. Sources				
		of Magnetic Field. The Biot-				
		Savart Law. Ampere's Law.				
		The Magnetic Field of a				
		Solenoid. Gauss's Law in				
		Magnetism. The Magnetic				
		Field of the Earth. Faraday's				
		Law. Faraday's Law of				
		Induction. Motional emf.				
		Lenz's Law. Induced emf and				
		Electric Fields. Maxwell's				
		Equations. Inductance. Self-				
		Inductance. Mutual				
		Inductance. The RLC Circuit.				
		Alternating Current Circuits.				
		AC Sources. Resistors,				
		Inductors and capacitors in an				
		AC Circuit. Electromagnetic				
		Waves. Maxwell's Equations				
		and Hertz's Discoveries. Plane				
		Electromagnetic Waves.				
		Energy Carried by				
		Electromagnetic Waves.				
		Momentum and Radiation				
		Pressure.				
		The Nature of Light.				
		Measurements of the Speed of				
		Light. The Ray Approximation				
		in Geometric Optics.				
		Reflection. Refraction.				
		Huygens's Principle.				
		Dispersion and Prisms. Total				
		Internal Reflection. Image Formation. Images Formed by				
		Flat Mirrors. Images Formed				
		by Spherical Mirrors. Images				
		Formed by Refraction. Thin				
		Lenses. Lens Aberrations. The				
		Camera. The Eye. Interference				
		of Light Waves. Conditions for				
		Interference. Young's Double-				
		Slit Experiment. Intensity				
		Distribution of the Double-Slit				
9	Optics	Interference Pattern. Phasor	6	BC1, BC3	Electricity and	Atomic and
		Addition of Waves. Change of	~	- , - 22	Magnetism	Nuclear physics
		Phase Due to Reflection.				
		Interference in Thin Films. The				
		Michelson Interferometer.				
		Diffraction Patterns and				
		Polarization. Introduction to				
		Diffraction Patterns.				
		Diffraction Patterns from				
		Narrow Slits. Resolution of				
		Single-Slit and Circular				
		Apertures. The Diffraction				
		Grating. Diffraction of X-rays				
		by Crystals. Polarization of				
		Light Waves. Thermal				
		radiation. Emissivity and				
		absorptivity of the matter and				
		their ratios. Blackbody				
		radiation. Stefan-Boltzmann				
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		law. Derivation of the Planck				
		Distribution Law. Wien's				
		displacement law. The				
		Rayleigh Jeans law.				
		Introduction to differential			<u> </u>	
		equations. Classification of				
		differential equations.				
		Differential equation solution.				
		Initial conditions. Guide fields.				
		First order differential				
		equations. Separable				
		Equations. Homogeneous				
		differential equation.				
		Differential Equations				
		Reducible to Homogeneous				
		Form. First order linear				
		equations. Bernoulli equation.				
		Exact differential equations.				
		Integrating factor. Singular				
		solutions of a first order				
		differential equation. Clairaut's equation. Lagrange's equation.				
		Simulation using first-order				
		differential equations. Higher				
		order differential equations,				
1	Differential	general notation. Some types		D.CO	Mathematical	The theory of
0	equations	of second order differential	4	BC2	analysis – 2	complex variable
		equations, reducible to				function
		equations of the first order.				
		Medium term. Homogeneous				
		differential equations.				
		Definitions and general				
		properties. Linearly				
		independent solutions.				
		Vronsky. Structure of the				
		overall solution. Homogeneous nth order linear equations with				
		constant coefficients.				
		Inhomogeneous second-order				
		linear differential equations				
		with constant coefficients. The				
		properties of its solution.				
		Inhomogeneous higher order				
		linear differential equations.				
		Systems of ordinary				
		differential equations. Systems				
		of linear differential equations				
		with constant coefficients. Introduction to Quantum				
		Physics. Blackbody Radiation				
		and Planck's Hypothesis. The				
		Photoelectric Effect. The				
		Compton Effect. The Nature of				
		Electromagnetic Waves. The				
1	Atomic and	Wave Properties of Particles.	6	BC1,BC3	Optics	Astrophysics
1	Nuclear physics	A New Model: The Quantum		DC1,DC3	Optics	2 isotophysics
		Particle. Atomic Physics.				
		Atomic Spectra of Gases.				
		Early Models of the Atom.				
		Bohr's Model of the Hydrogen Atom. The Quantum Model of				
		the Hydrogen Atom. The				
Ь	l	the Hydrogen Atom. The		l		

		Ways Eunstians for Haling				
		Wave Functions for Hydrogen.				
		Atomic Physics. Physical				
		Interpretation of the Quantum				
		Numbers. The Exclusion				
		Principle and the Periodic				
		Table. More on Atomic				
		Spectra: Visible and X-Ray.				
		Lasers. Molecules and Solids.				
		Molecular Bonds. Energy				
		States				
		and Spectra of Molecules.				
		Bonding in Solids. Free-				
		Electron Theory of Metals.				
		Band Theory of Solids.				
		Electrical Conduction in				
		Metals, Insulators, and				
		Semiconductors.				
		Superconductivity. Nuclear				
		Structure. Some Properties of				
		Nuclei. Nuclear Binding				
		Energy. Nuclear Models.				
		Radioactivity. The Decay				
		Processes. Natural				
		Radioactivity. Nuclear				
		Reactions. Applications of				
		Nuclear Physics. Interactions				
		Involving Neutrons. Nuclear				
		Fission. Nuclear Reactors.				
		Nuclear Fusion. Radiation				
		Damage. Radiation Detectors.				
		Uses of Radiation. Particle				
		Physics and Cosmology. The				
		Fundamental Forces in Nature.				
		Positrons and Other				
		Antiparticles. Mesons and the				
		Beginning of Particle Physics.				
		Classification of Particles.				
		Conservation Laws. Strange				
		Particles and Strangeness.				
		Finding Patterns in the				
		Particles. Quarks. Multicolored				
		Quarks. The Standard Model.				
		The Cosmic Connection.				
		Problems and				
		Perspectives.				
		Matrices. Determinants. Non-				
		degenerate matrices. Systems				
		of linear equations. Vectors.				
		The scalar product of vectors				
		and its properties. Vector				
1	Linear Algebra	product of vectors and its				
2	and Analytic	properties. Mixed product of	4	BC2	No	No
	Geometry	vectors. The coordinate system				
		on the plane. Lines on the				
		plane. Second-order lines on				
		the plane. Equations of a				
		surface and a line in space.				
		Educational practice for the				
		purpose of familiarization with				
	Educational	the educational process at	3	BC4, PC1	No	Pedagogical
	Internship	school and the basics of	5	DC7, 1 C1	110	internship
		teaching physics in school.				
		Educational work with students				
						

		of the school and methods of				
		conducting classes in physics Cycle of	hasic die	cinlines		
			ve discip			
1			tive disc	ipline - 1	1	
	Basic Circuit Theory	Calculations of electric circuits of direct and alternating current; determination of the types of resonances in electrical circuits. Acquaintance with physical processes in electric circuits of direct and alternating current; physical laws of electromagnetic induction; the main elements of electric circuits of direct and alternating current, linear and nonlinear electric circuits and their main elements; basic laws and methods for calculating electrical circuits; the phenomenon of resonance in electrical circuits.	4	BC4	Electricity and Magnetism	Fundamentals of Semiconductor Devices
	Oscillations and Waves	This course will provide the concepts and mathematical tools necessary to understand and explain a wide range of vibrations and waves. The course includes many topics from these phenomena, as well as related topics, including mechanical vibrations and waves, sound waves, electromagnetic waves, optics, and gravitational waves.	4	BC1, BC4	Electricity and Magnetism	Fundamentals of Semiconductor Devices
2	Basics of scientific computation	Ability to create conceptual models of various phenomena. Implementation of models using computer simulation. Factors assessing models: the ability to explain past observations, the ability to predict future observations.	4	BC3	Introduction to programming	Computer simulation in education
	Technology of criteria-based assessment	Formation and development of a student: knowledge of the current state of methods and means of diagnosing student achievements; skills in the practical application of modern means of assessing student learning outcomes; positive motivation and interest in mastering the basics of an objective assessment of students, the desire for creative activity.	4	BC3	Pedagogy	No
3		Elective of	lisciplin	e - 3 (Minor)		
	Educational Management	Methodological bases of management. Goals and objectives of managing organizations. Management functions. External and	4	BC4	Mediapedagogy	No

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		internal environment of the								
		organization. Theoretical								
		foundations of management								
		decisions. Fundamentals of								
		the theory of management								
		decisions. Management of								
		risks. Strategic management.								
		Management psychology.								
		Features of management in the								
		field of professional activity.								
		Pedagogical management.								
		The knowledge and skills								
		necessary for creating safe and								
		harmless living conditions,								
		designing new equipment and								
		accordance with modern								
	Health and safety	requirements for the safety of	4	BC4	No	No				
		their operation, forecasting and	'		- 10	1.0				
		making competent decisions in								
		emergency situations to protect								
		the population and production								
		personnel from the possible								
		consequences of accidents,								
		1 1								
		disasters, natural Disasters.								
4	4 Elective discipline - 4 (Minor)									
		The study of algorithms using								
		numerical approximation for								
		the problems of mathematical								
		analysis. Calculation of values								
		of functions, interpolation,								
	Mathamatical									
	Mathematical	extrapolation and regression,			Methods of					
	simulation and	optimization, numerical	5	BC3, BC4	mathematical	No				
	numerical	calculation of integrals,		200,20.	physics	1,0				
	methods	solving differential equations.			physics					
		Studying the foundations of								
		mathematical modeling such as								
		dynamical systems, statistical								
		models, differential equations,								
		·								
-		and game theory.				1				
		This course teaches the basics								
		of semiconductors and								
		semiconductor electronics,								
	Doging of	explains the principle of								
	Basics of	operation of transistors and	_	DC2 DC2	Electricity and					
	semiconductor	semiconductor devices. The	5	BC2, BC3	magnetism	No				
	devices	course also includes models of								
		semiconductor devices and								
		predicts how they can be used								
		for electronic devices.]					
5			tive disc	ipline - 5						
		Complex numbers and actions								
		on them. Algebraic form of a								
		complex number.								
		Trigonometric and exponential								
	The theory of	form of a complex number.			D: CC	Methods of				
	complex variable	Formula of Moivre. The	4	BC4	Differential	mathematical				
	function	functions of complex variable.	'		equations	physics				
	Tunchon	Basic elementary functions of				physics				
1		a complex variable. Inverse	I							
		a complex variable. Inverse								
		trigonometric functions. The								

Innetions of a complex variable. Cauchy-Remann conditions. Harmonic functions. Harmonic functions. Harmonic functions. Harmonic functions. Harmonic functions. Harmonic functions. Integration of complex variable functions. The integral of the single-valued branch of multivalued functions. Branching points. Cauchy's integral formula. Rows in a complex area. Power series. Convergence. Rows of Taylor and Loran. Area of contwegence. Zero functions. Isolated singular points. Pole functions. Residue. The calculation of the integral using the residue. Cauchy's theorem on residues. Annex to the computation of certain residues integrals. Journal of the complex integrals. Journal of the computation of certain residues integrals. Journal of the complex integrals. Journal of the computation of certain residues integrals. Journal of complex integ					T	T	1
variable, Cauchy-Riemann conditions, Harmonic functions, Integration of complex variable functions. The integral of the single-valued branch of multivalued functions. Branching points. Cauchy's integral formula. Rows in a complex area. Power series. Convergence. Rows of Taylor and Loran. Area of convergence. Zero functions. Stockated singular points. Pole functions. Residue. The calculation of the integral using the residue. Cauchy's theorem on residues. Annex to the computation of certain residues integrals. Jordan's lemma. The logarithmic residue integrals. Jordan's lemma. The logarithmic residue integrals. Jordan's lemma. The logarithmic residue integrals systematic scientific research (problem statement, literature review, sampling, data collection, data analysis and reprotection of design options and characteristics of each design alternative; concepts, methods and tools with which education of design options and characteristics of cach design alternative; concepts, methods and tools with which educational research is developed, conducted, interpreted and critically evaluated 6 Derater nabla, gradient, divergence, rotor. Consistent use of the operator mabla. Integration of vectors. Ostrogradsky-Gauss theorem, Green's theorem, Stokes theorem. Curvilinea coordinates, Differential operators of second order. Congulation, the rule of the private. Find the private covers: modern information about the mantomical and physiological school student development of the development of children and adolescents, its relationships with the			functions. Differentiation of				
conditions. Harmonic functions. Integration of complex variable functions. The integral of the single-valued branch of multivalued functions. Branching points. Cauchy's integral formula. Rows in a complex area. Power series. Convergence. Rows of Taylor and Loran. Area of convergence. Zero functions. Isolated singular points. Pole functions. Residue: The calculation of the integral using the residue. Cauchy's theorem on residues. Annex to the computation of certain residues integrals. Jordan's lemma. The logarithmic residue. Repetition. A hasic understanding of educational research; the process of enducting systematic scientific research (problem statement, literature review, sampling, colicion, data analysis and reporting) in the field of education distribution of the continuous continuous and characteristics of cach design alternative; concepts, methods and characteristics of cach design alternative; concepts, methods and tools with which educational research is developed, conducted, interpreted and critically evaluated 6 Elective discipline - 6 Operator nabla, gradient, divergence, rotor. Consistent use of the operator mabla. Integration of vectors. Ostrogradsky-Gusus shorem. Green's theorem, Stokes theorem. Curvilineas coordinate systems. Cartesian, spherical, cylindrical operators of second order. Coagulation, the rule of the private. Physiology of school student development formation about the anatomical and physiological school student development children and adolescents, its relationships with the							
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		laws underlying the				
		preservation and strengthening				
		of the health of schoolchildren,				
		maintaining their high				
		performance in various types of				
		educational activities;				
		familiarization of students with				
		problems arising at the border				
		of pedagogical and				
		physiological sciences;				
		familiarization of students with				
		basic hygiene standards and				
		requirements for the				
		organization of the educational				
<u> </u>		process at school.				
7			tive disc	ipline - 7	T	1
		A critical aspect of teacher				
		education is gaining				
		pedagogical content knowledge				
		of how to teach science for				
		conceptual understanding. This				
		research and development work				
		centers on constructing a				
1		formative assessment resource				
		to help expose pre-service				
		teachers to a greater number of				
		science topics within teaching				
	Pedagogy	episodes using various modes of instruction. The course	4	BC4	No	Physics Teaching
	redagogy	includes four basic pedagogies:	4	DC4	NO	Methodology
		didactic direct, active direct,				
		guided inquiry, and open				
		inquiry. The intention is that				
		students and teachers will be				
		able to share and discuss				
		particular responses to				
		individual items, or else record				
		their responses to collections of				
		items and thereby create a				
		profile of their teaching				
		orientations.				
		This discipline teaches the				
		analysis of the computational				
		complexity of algorithms to				
	Basics of	design, implement and analyze			Information and	
	algorithms and	basic data structures and	4	BC4	communication	No
	data structures	graphs. Writing, evaluating and			technology (in	
		adapting standard basic sorting			English)	
		and search algorithms. Design				
		and coding C programs				
8			tive disc	ipline - 8		
		Contains socio-political and		-		
		psychological knowledge,				
		reflecting the laws,				
		mechanisms and facts				
		necessary for the knowledge of				
	Educational	the depth of objective and	3	DC4	Davide alla and	No
	psychology	subjective processes of	3	BC4	Psychology	No
		development of society and				
		man. The interaction between				
		scientific disciplines -				
		sociology, cultural studies,				
		political science, psychology, is				
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		carried out on the basis of the principles of informational complementarity, integration and methodological integrity of research approaches.				
	Mediapedagogy	Formation of a general understanding of media pedagogy as a field of scientific and practical activity among students; mastering the methods of planning and implementation of media and pedagogical activities at different levels of the education system; mastering the skills of planning media and pedagogical activities for different levels of the education system; increasing the level of media and information literacy of students.	3	BC4	Pedagogy	Educational Management
9			tive disci	ipline - 9	T	1
	Thermodynamics and statistical physics	The fundamental study of physical systems with a large number of degrees of freedom. Statistical thermodynamics describes the relationship between the macroscopic properties of materials in thermodynamic equilibrium and the microscopic properties and movements that occur inside a material. Microcanonical ensemble, canonical ensemble, large canonical ensemble.	4	BC3	Molecular physics	No
	Electronic methods in physics research	This course gives the student an understanding of the fundamental principles and practical capabilities of physical research methods, familiarity with their hardware and experimental conditions, the ability to interpret and correctly evaluate experimental data, including those published in the scientific literature. The student must also learn the optimal choice of methods for solving the tasks and make conclusions based on the analysis and comparison of the totality of the available data.	4	BC3	Atomic and Nuclear physics	No
$\begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{vmatrix}$		Electi	ive disci	pline - 10		
	Innovative methods of physics teaching	Information technology as a basis for innovation in education. Educational opportunities of innovative technologies. Means of multimedia in learning. Hypertext technologies. Basics of computer	4	BC4	Physics Teaching Methodology	No

	Ι	talanamaning/tana Distan				T
		telecommunications. Distance learning. Questions of culture and morality in the modern educational environment.				
	Condensed state physics	Acquaintance with the basic methods of research and calculation of the physical characteristics of solids, the study of the physical properties of condensed matter at the atomic- molecular level. The formation of systematic knowledge among students in the following areas: methods for studying the atomic structure of a condensed state; types of bonds and defects of the crystal lattice; mechanical properties of solids; vibrations of atoms of the crystal lattice and thermal properties of crystals; thermal, electrical, optical and magnetic properties; superconductivity; properties of amorphous solids.	4	BC3	Quantum mechanics	No
1 1		Elect	ive disci	pline - 11		
	Computer simulation in education	Numerical modeling of differential equations, stochastic modeling, Monte Carlo method, dynamic system modeling. Model visualization with ComSol. Solving mathematical models of physical systems with the help of ComSol.	5	BC3, BC4	Basics of scientific computation	No
	Technique of school experiment	High school physics experiments related to properties of matter; mixtures-solutions-acids and bases; liquids; pressure; heat and temperature; motion, force, work, power and energy; mechanical waves; mirrors, properties of images formed by spherical mirrors; lenses, properties of images formed by converging and diverging lenses; optical instruments; electrostatics; electric current; electrical appliances; simple electric circuits; magnetism; induced current; transformers	5	BC1, BC2, BC4	Electronic methods in physics research	No
1 2		Elect	ive disci	pline - 12		
	Astrophysics	The study of the nature of astronomical objects, such as the sun, stars, galaxies, exoplanets, interstellar media, and relict radiation, using the laws of physics. By analyzing the electromagnetic spectrum of the radiation, the luminosity,	4	BC4	Atomic and nuclear physics	No

		danata.				
		density, temperature and				
		chemical properties of these objects are studied.				
		Transistor (BJT) switching				
		circuits. Introduction to logic				
		circuits. TTL an CMOS NAND				
		gates. Paralel adders,				
		subtractors and complementers.				
		Multiplexers, code converters.			Basics of	
	Radio engineering	Comparators with hysteresis.		BC4	semiconductor	No
		Multivibrator circuits using			devices	
		CMOS gates. Op-amps and 555				
		timers. Flip flops and counters.				
		Introduction to hardware description language (verilog-				
		HDL)				
1		,	ivo digoi:	nlina 12		<u>l</u>
3			ive disci	pline - 13	T	ı
		Double integral. Calculation of				
		the double integral in Cartesian and polar coordinates. Triple				
		integral. Calculation of the				
		triple integral in Cartesian,				7771 .1
	Multiple Integral	spherical and cylindrical	1	DC4	Mathematical	The theory of
	Calculus	coordinates. Curvilinear	4	BC4	analysis - 2	complex variable function
		integral of the first kind.				TUHCHOH
		Curvilinear integral of the				
		second kind. Surface integral of				
		the first kind. Surface integral of the second kind.				
		The philosophy, history and				
		methodology of an inclusive				
		approach. Documents				
		governing the development of				
		an inclusive process in higher				
		professional education.				
		Educational needs of students with disabilities and				
		disabilities. Methods and				
	Inclusive	forms of organization of the				
	education	educational process at a	4	BC4	No	No
	-	university for students with				
		disabilities. Development of				
		adapted educational programs,				
		curricula and educational paths				
		for students with disabilities				
		and disabilities. Psychological and pedagogical support of				
		students with disabilities and				
		disabilities at the university.				
		Cycle of Pro		_	1	1
			sity com	ponent		1
		The equations of physics. Second order differential				
		equations in partial derivatives.				
		Classification, types, reduction				
1	Methods of	to canonical form, finding	_	DC1 DC2	Theoretical	Thermodynamics
1	mathematical	common solutions. Fourier	5	PC1, PC2	mechanics	and statistical
	physics	method. Dalamber method.				physics
		Wave equation, heat equation.				
		Cauchy problem, initial and				
		boundary conditions.				

2	Theory of Electromagnetic Field	To present electrodynamics as a physical theory based on laws established by experience, further developed as a theoretical course in the form of field theory, its basic methods and provisions, to show that electrodynamics is the basis in theoretical and experimental physics and serves as an introduction to quantum theory of matter and radiation. The basic laws, methods and formalisms of modern classical field theory, apply and interpret them;	5	PC1, PC2	Electricity and magnetism	Theory of Electromagnetic Waves Transmission
3	Theoretical mechanics	The fundamental postulates of theoretical mechanics on space and time, which contain the clearest formulation of the basic physical assumptions of theoretical mechanics. The law of conservation of momentum, kinetic moment and energy and their connection with the properties of space-time and with the symmetry of the force fields. The role of covariant forms of the equations of motion. Lagrange, Hamilton, and Hamilton-Jacobi methods. Basic equations of motion of a rigid body.	3	PC1, PC2	Mechanics	Methods of mathematical physics
4	Pedagogical Internship	A passive practice, familiarization with the pedagogical process at school, attending classes in physics and all subjects of the assigned class. Active practice, conducting a lesson in physics and extracurricular educational activities with an assigned class.	8	PC1, PC2, PC3	Educational Internship	Pre-diploma Internship
5	Pre-diploma Internship	Preparation of the graduation project for the defense, the formulation of the project goal, the tasks set to achieve the goal. Performing basic calculations and obtaining results, the formulation of the conclusion and prospects of the project.	3	PC1-PC4	Pedagogical Internship	No
6	Quantum Mechanics	Introduction to the mathematics of quantum mechanics. Operators in quantum mechanics. Eigenfunctions and eigenvalues. Wave function. Schrödinger equation. One-dimensional harmonic oscillator. Potential well of infinite height. Potential well of finite height. Potential barrier and tunneling. The system of identical particles. The theory	6	PC1, PC2	Optics	Condensed state physics

		of the helium atom.								
		Approximate methods of								
		quantum mechanics.	e • 1	 D::!:						
	Cycle of Professional Disciplines Elective component									
1				pline - 14						
	Fundamentals of electronic engineering	We study the basics of electronic technology on the basis of lectures, laboratory and self-study. The problems of physical processes in semiconductor and optoelectronic devices are considered. Parameters, characteristics and schemes of electronic devices and chips used in radio engineering, and also subtleties of functional electronics are studied.	5	PC2, PC3	Basics of radio circuits and signals	Digital signal processing				
	Python for data analysis	Be able to apply data structures, functions, modules, classes when programming in Python and R.	5	PC2, PC3	Algoritmization and programming	Software Design and Architecture (SDP5)				
2			ive disci	pline - 15						
	Theory of Electrical Communication	The discipline provides for the study of: processes of formation, transformation, and transmission of signals through communication channels, mathematical models and probabilistic characteristics of random messages, signals and noise, spectral characteristics of signals, the foundations of the theory and modern methods of modulation and detection of signals, methods of noise-resistant message reception and noise-resistant coding, optimal signal reception, methods of channel separation. This makes it possible to analyze the processes in communication systems and solve problems to improve the efficiency of communication systems.	5	PC1, PC3	Theory of Electromagnetic Waves Transmission	No				
2	Database design. Introduction to SQL	management systems to create databases. Design logical database schemes using relational, object-oriented, object-relational, key-value schemes for simple and complex systems.	5	PC2, PC3	Web-technologies	No				
3		Students learn the basics of the	ive aisci	pline - 16	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
	Theory of Electromagnetic Waves Transmission	theory of electromagnetic processes occurring in different environments, in the transmission lines of electromagnetic energy and linear devices of microwave and optical range.	5	PC1, PC3	Theory of Electromagnetic Field	Theory of Electrical Communication				

		Be able to use the PHP								
	Web-technologies	programming language, master the basics of MySQL database and develop server client web applications.	5	PC2, PC3	Algoritmization and programming	Database design. Introduction to SQL				
4										
	Basics of radio circuits and signals	Study of methods and bases of construction of radio engineering circuits and devices, the description of signals and hindrances in radio engineering systems of information transmission, to learn physical essence of processes occurring in radio engineering circuits and devices of processing of reception and transmission of radio signals	5	PC2, PC3	Electricity and magnetism	Theory of Electromagnetic Waves Transmission				
	Algorithmization and programming	Know different types and types of algorithms. Apply the knowledge gained in the process of creating flowcharts of various algorithms.	5	PC1, PC3	Introduction to programming	Web-технологии				
5			ive disci	pline - 18						
	Robotics	Evolution of robots; elements of robotic systems;mathematics of manipulators; homogeneous transformations; endefector position orientation;kinematics;inverse kinematics; manipulator dynamics; robot control: linear control such as inverse dynamics control, impedance control force feedback and recent nonlinear control methods including sliding mode control.	5	PC1, PC2	Fundamentals of electronic engineering	No				
	Computer networks	Principles of network	5	DC2 DC2	Python for data	No				
	(Cisco 1)	technologies, access to local and remote network resources.	J	PC2, PC3	analysis	110				
6	, , ,		iscipline	- 19 (Minor)						
	Digital signal processing	Theoretical and practical development of methods and means of digital signal processing, digital filtering, the use of modern software in signal processing.	5	PC2, PC3	Basics of radio circuits and signals	No				
	Software design and architecture (SDP5)	Know basic computer components including CPU, ALU and control unit, memory, input-output and memory, and a wide range of memory technologies both internal and external. Analyzes and uses modern approaches and tools in front-end and back-end developments.	5	PC1, PC3	Algoritmization and programming	No				

4.4. List of modules and learning outcomes

Name of the educational program: <u>6B01503 - Computer Physics</u>

Qualification: <u>6B015 - Teacher training in science subjects</u>

Module Code / Module Name	Learning outcomes	Criteria for assessing learning outcomes	Module-forming disciplines Code / Name	Module Code / Module Name
		GENERAL EDUCATION MODULES		
	5	LO1	 Oral exam Test Midterm exam Computational and graphic work Exam 	Modern History of Kazakhstan
GEM1 – Humanitarian and socio-	5	LO1	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	Phyl3102 Philosophy
political module	2	LO1	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	Pol2106 Political science
	2	LO1	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	Psih2108 Psychology

	2	LO1	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	Cult3109 Culturology
	8	LO1	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	FK1110 Physical culture
	5	LO6, LO7, LO10, LO2, LO4, LO5, LO11, LO12, LO8, LO9, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	MPF 3111 Physics teaching methodology
	2	LO3	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	Soci4107 Sociology
CEM2 Longuages module	10	LO3, LO5	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	IYa1103 Foreign language
GEM2-Languages module	10	LO5	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	KRYa1104 Kazakh (Russian) language

GEM3- Infocommunication Technologies	5	LOI	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	IKTA1105 Information and communication technology (in English)
		BASIC MODULES		
BM1 -	6	LO6, LO7, LO10, LO11, LO12	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	Meh 1201 Mechanics
BM1- Languages module	4	LO6, LO7, LO8, LO9, LO10, LO11, LO12, LO13	 Oral exam Test Midterm exam Computational and graphic work Exam 	POIY 2202 Professionally-oriented foreign language
	4	LO2, LO4, LO5	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	Math 1203 Mathematical Analysis - 1
	4	LO2, LO4, LO5	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	Math 1204 Mathematical Analysis - 2
	3	LO2, LO4, LO5	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	TV 1205 Theory of probabilities

4	LO6, LO7, LO10, LO11, LO12	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	VP 2206 Introduction to programming
6	LO6, LO7, LO10, LO11, LO12	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	MF 1207 Molecular physics
6	LO6, LO7, LO10, LO11, LO12	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	ELM 2208 Electricity and Magnetism
6	LO6, LO7, LO10, LO11, LO12	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	OP 2209 Optics
4	LO2, LO4, LO5	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	DU 2210 Differential equations
6	LO6, LO7, LO10, LO11, LO12	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	AYF 3211 Atomic and Nuclear physics

	4	LO2, LO4, LO5	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	LAAG 1212 Linear Algebra and Analytic Geometry
	3	LO8, LO9, LO11, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	UOP 2303 Educational Internship
Elective component (EC)	4	LO8, LO9, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	TEC 2213 Basic Circuit Theory
	4	LO6, LO7, LO8, LO9, LO10, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	KV 2214 Oscillations and Waves
	4	LO11, LO12	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	OM 2215 Basics of scientific computation
	4	LO11, LO12	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	TKO 2216 Technology of criteria-based assessment

		1. Oral exam	
4	LO8, LO9, LO13	2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	MP 4217 Educational management
4	LO8, LO9, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	OBZ 2236 Health and safety
5	LO8, LO9, LO11, LO12, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	MMChM 4219 Mathematical simulation and numerical methods
5	LO2, LO4, LO5, LO11, LO12	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	OPPU 4220 Basics of semiconductor devices
4	LO8, LO9, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	TFK 2221 Theory of complex variable function
4	LO8, LO9, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	MIO 2222 Research methods in education

I		1.0.1	T 1
3	LO2, LO4, LO5, LO11, LO12	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	OVT 2223 Basics of vector and tensor analysis
3	LO8, LO9, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	FRS 2224 Physiology of school student development
4	LO8, LO9, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	Pd 2225 Pedagogy
4	LO8, LO9, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	OASD 2226 Basics of algorithms and data structure
3	LO8, LO9, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	OPsy 3227 Educational psychology
3	LO8, LO9, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	MP 3228 Mediapedagogy

4	LO11, LO12	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	TSF 4229 Thermodynamics and statistical physics
4	LO11, LO12	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	EMFI 4230 Electronic methods in physics research
4	LO8, LO9, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	IMOF 4231 Innovative methods of physics teaching
4	LO11, LO12	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	FKS 4232 Condensed state physics
5	LO8, LO9, LO11, LO12, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	KM 4233 Computer simulation in education
5	LO2, LO4, LO5, LO6, LO7, LO8, LO9, LO10, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	TSE 4234 Technique of school experiment

4	LO8, LO9, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam 1. Oral exam	APH 3237 Astrophysics
4	LO8, LO9, LO13	2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	RE 3238 Radio engineering
4	LO8, LO9, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	Math 2239 Multiple Integral Calculus
4	LO8, LO9, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	IO 2240 Inclusive education
	PROFESSIONAL MODULES		
5	LO8, LO10, LO1, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	MMF 3301 Methods of mathematical physics
	LO8, LO10, LO1, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	TEP 3302 Theory of Electromagnetic Field

	LO8, LO10, LO1, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	TMH 2235 Theoretical mechanics
	LO8, LO10, LO1, LO13	 Oral exam Test Midterm exam Computational and graphic work Exam 	NRKM 3315 Quantum mechanics

5. Curriculum of the educational program

						s		nent	mic hours	Numl	ber of hou		oom		ber of urs IS	line code)
20	Modu le	Discipline	Name of the discipline (ru)	Name of the	Name of the	redit	Semester	ssessi	acado		Incl	ıding				Discip
Nº	code	code		discipline (kz)	discipline (eng)	Total credits	Semo	Type of assessment	Total number of academic hours	In classroom	Lectures	labs	practicals	Total hours SIS	Including TSIS	Prerequisites (Discipline code)
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
1 GED				1 General Education	on Disciplines (G	ED) -	· 56 cred	lits								
1.1 CC				1.1 Compuls	ory component -	51 cr	edits									
GED 1		SIK 1101	Современная история Казахстана	Қазақстанның қазіргі тарихы	Modern History of Kazakhstan	5	1	State exam	150	45	15		30	90	15	-
GED 2		Phyl3102	Философия	Философия	Philosophy	5	2	written	150	45	15		30	90	15	-
GED 3		IYa 1103	Иностранный язык	Шет тілі	Foreign language	10	1,2	complex	300	90			90	180	30	-
GED 4		K(R) Ya 1104	Казахский (русский) язык	Қазақ (орыс) тілі	Kazakh (Russian) language	10	1,2	complex	300	90			90	180	30	-
GED 5		IKTA1105	Информационно- коммуникационные технологии	Ақпараттық- коммуникациялы қ технологиялар (ағылшын тілінде)	Information and communicatio n technology (in English)	5	1	complex	150	45	15	30		90	15	-
GED 6		Pol2106	Политология	Саясаттану	Political science	2	4	complex	60	30	15		15	20	10	-
GED 7		Soci4107	Социология	Әлеуметтану	Sociology	2	5	complex	60	30	15		15	20	10	-
GED 8		Psih2108	Психология	Психология	Psychology	2	3	complex	60	30	15		15	20	10	-

GED 9	Cul	lt3109	Культурология	Мәдениеттану	Culturology	2	5	complex	60	30	15		15	20	10	-
GED 10	FK	X1110	Физическая культура	Дене шынықтыру	Physical Culture	8	1,2,3,	credit	240	120			12 0	80	40	-
			Total:			51			1530	555	10 5	30	42 0	790	185	
				1.2 U	Jniversity compo	nent	(UC)		l							
GED 11	MPF	3111	Методика преподавания физики	Физиканы оқытудың әдістемесі	Physics teaching methodology	5	6	written	150	45	15	30		90	15	Pd 2225
			Total:			5			150	45	15	30	0	90	15	
2 BD				2 Basic	disciplines (BD)	- 112	credits									
2.1 UC				2.1 Univer	sity component	(UC)	- 60 cred	lits								
BD 1	Meh 1	1201	Механика	Механика	Mechanics	6	2	written	180	60	15	30	15	105	15	-
BD 2	POIY	2202	Профессионально-ориентированный иностранный язык	Кәсіби бағыттағы шет тілі	Professionally -oriented foreign language	4	4	complex	120	45			45	60	15	IYa 1103
BD 3	Math	1203	Математический анализ - 1	Математикалық талдау - 1	Mathematical Analysis - 1	4	1	written	120	45	15		30	60	15	-
BD 4	Math	1204	Математический анализ - 2	Математикалық талдау - 2	Mathematical Analysis - 2	4	2	written	120	45	15		30	60	15	Math 1203
BD 5	TV 12	205	Теория вероятностей	Ықтималдықтар теориясы	Theory of probabilities	3	2	written	90	30	15		15	45	15	-
BD 6	VP 2	2206	Введение в программирование	Программалау негіздері	Introduction to programming	4	3	complex	120	45	15	30		60	15	IKTA 1105
BD 7	MF 12	207	Молекулярная физика	Молекулалық физика	Molecular physics	6	3	written	180	60	15	30	15	105	15	Meh 1201
BD 8	ELM	2208	Электричество и магнетизм	Электр және магнетизм	Electricity and Magnetism	6	4	written	180	60	15	30	15	105	15	MF 1207
BD 9	OP 22	209	Оптика	Оптика	Optics	6	5	written	180	60	15	30	15	105	15	ELM 2208
BD 10	DU 2	2210	Дифференциальные уравнения	Дифференциалды қ теңдеулер	Differential equations	4	3	written	120	45	15		30	60	15	Math 1204
BD 11	AYF	3211	Атомная и ядерная физика	Атомдық және ядролық физика	Atomic and Nuclear physics	6	6	written	180	60	15	30	15	105	15	OP 2209

BD 12	LAAG 1212	Линейная алгебра и аналитическая геометрия	Сызықтық алгебра және аналитикалық геометрия	Linear Algebra and Analytic Geometry	4	1	written	120	45	15		30	60	15	-
BD 13	UOP 2303	Учебно-ознакомительная педагогическая практика	Оқу-танымдық педагогикалық тәжірибе	Educational Internship	3	4	practice	90	30			30	45	15	-
		Total:			60			1800	630	165	180	285	975	195	
2.2 EC- BD			2.2 Elect	tive component (EC)-	52 credi	ts			•		•			
BD 14		Elective discipline- 1			4	5		120	45	15	30		60	15	
	TEC 2213	Теория электрических цепей	Электр тізбектер теориясы	Basic Circuit Theory			written								ELM 2208
	KV 2214	Колебания и волны	Тербелістер және толқындар	Oscillations and Waves			written								ELM 2208
BD 15		Elective discipline- 2			4	4		120	45	15	30		60	15	
	OM 2215	Основы научного моделирования	Ғылыми модельдеу негіздері	Basics of scientific computation		4	complex								VP 2206
	TKO 2216	Технологии критериального оценивания	Критериялық бағалау технологиялары	Technology of criteria- based assessment		4	written								Pd 2225
BD 16		Elective discipline- 3			4	8		120	45	15	30		60	15	
	MP 4217	Менеджмент в педагогике	Педагогикалық менеджмент	Educational management		8	written								MP 3228
	OBZ 2236	Основы безопасности жизнедеятельности	Тіршілік қауіпсіздігінің негіздері	Health and safety		8	written								-
BD 17		Elective discipline- 4			5	8		150	45	15	30		90	15	
	MMChM 4219	Математическое моделирование и численные методы	Математикалық модельдеу және сандық әдістер	Mathematical simulation and numerical methods		8	written								MMF 3301

	OPPU 4220	Основы полупроводниковых устройств	Жартылай өткізгіш құралдар негіздері	Basics of semiconducto r devices		8	written							ELM 2208
BD 18		Elective discipline- 5			4	4		120	45	15	30	60	15	
	TFK 2221	Теория функции комплексного переменного	Комплекс айнымалы функция теориясы	Theory of complex variable function		4	written							DU 2210
	MIO 2222	Методы исследования в образовании	Білім берудегі зерттеу әдістері	Research methods in education		4	written							-
BD 19		Elective discipline- 6			3	3		90	30	15	15	45	15	
	OVT 2223	Основы векторного и тензорного анализа	Векторлық және тензорлық талдау негіздері	Basics of vector and tensor analysis		3	written							Math 1204
	FRS 2224	Физиология развития школьников	Оқушылар дамуының физиологиясы	Physiology of school student development		3	written							-
BD 20		Elective discipline- 7			4	3		120	45	15	30	60	15	
	Pd 2225	Педагогика	Педагогика	Pedagogy			written							-
	OASD 2226	Основы алгоритмов и структур данных	Алгоритмдер және деректер құрылымының негіздері	Basics of algorithms and data structure			complex							IKTA 1105
BD 21		Elective discipline- 8			3	4		90	30	15	15	45	15	
	OPsy 3227	Образовательная психология	Білім беру психологиясы	Educational psychology		4	Comple x							Psih2 108
	MP 3228	Медиапедагогика	Медиапедагогика	Mediapedago gy		4	written							Pd 2225
BD 22		Elective discipline- 9			4	7		120	45	15	30	60	15	
	TSF 4229	Термодинамика и статистическая физика	Термодинамика және статистикалық физика	Thermodyna mics and statistical physics		7	written							MF 1207
	EMFI 4230	Электронные методы в физических исследованиях	Физикалық зерттеулердегі	Electronic methods in		7	complex							AYF 3211

			электрондық әдістер	physics research											
BD 23		Elective discipline- 10			4	7		120	45	15		30	60	15	
	IMOF 4231	Инновационные методы обучения физике	Физика пәнін оқытуда инновациялық әдістер	Innovative methods of physics teaching		7	complex								MPF 3111
	FKS 4232	Физика конденсированного состояния	Конденсирленген күй физикасы	Condensed state physics		7	complex								NRK M 3315
BD 24		Elective discipline- 11			5	8		150	45	15	30		90	15	
	KM 4233	Компьютерное моделирование в образовании	Білімдегі компьютерлік модельдеу	Computer simulation in education		8	written								OM 2215
	TSE 4234	Техника школьного эксперимента	Мектеп экспериментінің техникасы	Technique of school experiment		8	written								EMFI 4230
BD 25		Elective discipline- 12			4	7		120	45	15		30	60	15	
	APH 3237	Астрофизика	Астрофизика	Astrophysics		7	written								AYF 3211
	RE 3238	Радиоэлектроника	Радиоэлектроник а	Radio engineering		7	complex								OPPU 4220
BD 26		Elective discipline- 13			4	3		120	45	15		30	60	15	
	Math 2239	Теория кратных интегралов	Еселі интеграл теориясы	Multiple Integral Calculus		3	written								Math 1204
	IO 2240	Инклюзивное образование	Инклюзивтік білім беру	Inclusive education		3	written								-
		Total:			52			1560	555	19 5	15 0	21 0	810	195	
3 PD			3. Profess	ional disciplines	(PD)	- 60 cre	dits								
3.1				rsity component	(UC)	- 30 cre	dits								
PD 1	MMF 3301	Методы математической физики	Математикалық физиканың әдістері	Methods of mathematical physics	5	5	written	150	45	15		30	90	15	TMH 2235
PD 2	TEP 3302	Теория электромагнитного поля	Электрмагниттік өріс теориясы	Theory of Electromagne tic Field	5	5	written	150	45	15		30	90	15	ELM 2208

PD 3	TMH 2235	Теоретическая механика	Теориялық механика	Theoretical Mechanics	3	4	written	90	30	15		15	45	15	OVT 2223
PD 4	PP 3304	Педагогическая практика	Педагогикалық тәжірибе	Pedagogical Internship	4	6	Пратика	120					90	30	UOP 2303
PD 5	PDP 4305	Преддипломная практика	Диплом алдындағы тәжірибе	Pre-diploma Internship	3	8	Практик а	90					75	15	PP 4306
PD 6	PP 4306	Педагогическая практика	Педагогикалық тәжірибе	Pedagogical Internship	4	7	Пратика	120					90	30	UOP 2303
PD 7	NRKM 3315	Квантовая механика	Кванттық механика	Quantum mechanics	6	6	written	180	60	30		30	105	15	OP 2209
		Total:			30			900	180	75		10 5	585	135	
3.2 EC- PD			3.2 Elect	tive component (EC)- 3	30 credi	ts			•	•	•		•	•
PD 8		Elective discipline- 14			5	6		150	45	15	30		90	15	
	OT 3307	Основы электронной техники	Электрондық техника негіздері	Fundamentals of electronic engineering			written								ORZS V 3313
	PAD 3308	Python для анализа данных	Деректерді талдау үшін Python	Python for data analysis			complex								AP 3314
PD 9		Elective discipline- 15			5	7		150	45	15	30		90	15	
	TS 4309	Теория электрической связи	Электр байланысы теориясы	Theory of Electrical Communicati on			written								TPE M 3311
	PBD 4310	Проектирование баз данных. Введение в SQL	Деректер қорын жобалау. SQL-ге кіріспе	Database design. Introduction to SQL			complex								WT 3312
PD 10		Elective discipline- 16			5	6		150	45	15	30		90	15	
	TPEM 3311	Теория передачи электромагнитных волн	Электрмагниттік толқындардың таратылу теориясы	Theory of Electromagne tic Waves Transmission			written								TEP 3302
	WT 3312	Web-технологии	Web- технологиялар	Web- technologies			complex								AP 3314
PD 11	ДВ 17	Elective discipline- 17			5	5		150	45	15	30		90	15	

	ORZSV 3313	Основы радиотехнических цепей и сигналов	Радиотехникалық тізбектер мен сигналдардың негіздері	Basics of radio circuits and signals			written								ELM 2208
	AP 3314	Алгоритмизация и программирование	Алгоритмдеу және программалау	Algoritmizati on and programming			complex								VP 2206
PD 12	ДВ 18	Elective discipline- 18			5	7		150	45	15	30		90	15	
	RTT 4317	Робототехника	Робототехника	Robotics			written								OT 3307
	KS 4318	Компьютерные сети (Cisco 1)	Компьютерлік желілер (Cisco 1)	Computer Networks (Cisco 1)			complex								PAD 3308
PD 13		Elective discipline- 19 (Minor)			5	7		150	45	15	30		90	15	
	ZOS 4319	Цифровая обработка сигналов	Сигналдарды цифрлық өңдеу	Digital signal processing			written								ORZS V 3313
	AD 4320	Архитектура и дизайн ПО (SDP5)	Бағдарламалық жасақтама архитектурасы және дизайны (SDP5)	Software Design and Architecture (SDP5)			complex								AP 3314
		Total:			30			900	270	90	180	0	540	90	
		Amount of exams			60										
		Total of theoretical education						6840	2235	645	570	1020	3790	815	
		Sum of credits:			228										
				5. Final examin	nation					•	•				
	NZDP	Написание и защита дипломного проекта	Диссертацияны жазу және қорғау	Writing and defense of thesis	12	8		360					270	90	
		TOTAL			240			360					270	90	

6. Additional educational programs (Minor)

The name of the additional educational program (Minor) with an indication of the list of disciplines that form Minor	Total number of credits / Number of credits in the disciplin e	Semeste r of study	Documents on the results of the developme nt of additional educational programs (Minor)
Physical processes in radio engineering and telecommunications	15		Transcript
- Electronic methods in physics research	5	5	
- Physical fundamentals of optoelectronics	5	6	
- Fundamentals of Quantum Physics	5	7	

7. An approval sheet with the developers

Code and classification of the field of education: 6B01 - Pedagogical sciences

Nº n/n	Position, scientific or academic degree, name and surname of the developer of the educational program	Date	Signature	Note
1	Head. Department of «Radio engineering, electronics and telecommunications», Assistant Professor, PhD Daineko Yevgenia Alexandrovna	21.05.2020	any	
2	Professor of the «Radio engineering, electronics and telecommunications» Department, candidate of technical sciences, Aitmagambetov Altai Zufarovich	21.05.2020	chit	
3	Associate professor of the «Computer Engineering and Information Security», Department, PhD Duzbayev Nurzhan Tokkuzhayevich	21,05,2020	27	
4	Assistant Professor of the «Radio engineering, electronics and telecommunications» Department, PhD Kabatayeva Raushan Sarsembekovna	21.05.2020	Fal	