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## EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM

6B01503 Computer Physics

Code and classification of the field of education: 6B01 - Pedagogical sciences

Code and classification of training areas: 6B015 - Teacher training in science subjects

Group of educational programs: 03 - Physics teacher training

ISCE level 6

NOF level: 6

IQF level: 6

Training period: 4 years

Total credits: 240

AGREED

Acting Director Science Research Institute of Experimental and Theoretical Physics al-Faraby Kazakh

O.A. Lavrischev 2019 y.

Stamp.

AGREED

Acting Director

RSE wal-Farabi Kazakh National University» «National Nanov Hyology Laboratory of

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## List of abbreviations and symbols

ECTS European Credit Transfer and Accumulation System

EP Educational Program RO Registrar Office

SCES State Compulsory Education Standard

GPA Grade Point Average

ISCE International Standard Classification of Education

NQF National Qualifications Framework IQF Industry Qualifications Framework

EC Educational competency
BC Basic competency

PC Professional competence
LO Learning outcomes
JSC Joint-Stock Company
PhD Doctor of Philosophy
RC Resistor (R), capacitor (C)
EMF Electromotive force

RLC Resistor (R), an inductor (L), and a capacitor (C)

ComSol Multiphysics Simulation Software

TTL Transistor-transistor Logic

CMOS Complementary Metal-Oxide-Semiconductor

NAND Not And

CMOS Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor Structure

Verilog-HDL Verilog Hardware Description Language

LHO Limited Health Opportunities

Sw Software

SDP5 Session Description Protocol
SQL Structured Query Language
SHF Super High Frequency
PHP Hypertext Preprocessor

CISCO Computer Information System Company

CPU Central Processing Unit
ALU Arithmetic Logic Unit
SIS Student Independent Study

TSIS Teacher supervised independent study

GED General education disciplines
CC Compulsory component
UC University component
BD Basic discipline
EC Elective component
PD Professional discipline

#### 1. Description of the educational program

Educational program 6B01503 - Computer Physics is implemented in accordance with the requirements of state standards and regulatory documents in the field of higher education of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

During the formation of the educational program, the faculty and the department use scientifically based approaches to planning, methodological provision and training technologies. This contributes to the preservation of the continuity of state standards, model programs, work curricula and teaching materials. 15 The resulting academic integrity of regulatory and educational documents ensures the effective management of the mechanism for the implementation of educational programs.

Guided by the requirements of the model plan, the content of the catalog of elective courses and the academic calendar, students determine their individual path for each academic year. The logic of drawing up an individual plan determines the choice of elective courses, teachers, supervisor, topics of both course and graduation projects. Methodological assistance to students in the formation of an individual trajectory is provided by advisors. The trajectory of bachelor's studies is based on the vertical principle of continuity of academic courses; the curricula of educational trajectories are built taking into account the semester- based distribution; division into compulsory and elective components; general educational, basic, major academic courses.

The curriculum pays adequate attention and time to the professional component, natural sciences, and mathematics, as well as humanities and socio-economic disciplines.

In order to fully familiarize with the competencies obtained when choosing a particular educational program, advisers hold presentations, consultations and meetings with students in scientific and educational laboratories of the University. Responsibility for the work of the adviser service is borne by the head of the Registration Office and the heads of departments.

Working curriculum is one of the fundamental educational documents developed based on students' individual plans and regulates the order of development of the educational program. Based on the principles of continuity, continuation and adaptability, the working curriculum contains a list of academic courses, number of credits, duration of semesters, class types and control forms.

The study of any academic course, regardless of its academic status, is completed by passing an examination (course work (project)) and awarding credits; the minimum amount of credits for the entire period of study must be 240 ECTS credits.

#### 1.1 Natural Sciences and Mathematics block

– to possess basic knowledge of fundamental mathematical, natural science and technical academic courses that contribute to the formation of a highly educated person with a broad outlook and level of thinking; to have the ability to define and understand the role of mathematics and physics in the world; to express well-founded mathematical judgments; to use mathematics and physics for needs appropriate to the creative, interested and thinking person; to understand the role of physical processes in the nature, technical capabilities and prospects for the use of physical technologies in various fields of human activity;

#### 1.2 Humanitarian and socio-economic block

- To provide conditions for mastering literate and developed speech; native and foreign languages; knowledge in the field of communication technology, communication strategies, skills and techniques of constructive dialogue, communication in a multicultural, multi-ethnic and multireligious society;
- To get an idea about ethical, spiritual and cultural values, as well as about the basic laws and forms of regulation of social behavior, sociological approaches to the individual; to learn the traditions and culture of the people of Kazakhstan; to know the trends in the development of society; be able to adequately navigate in various social situations, think creatively, be tolerant to the traditions and culture of other nations of the world; to have an active life position;
  - To know economic basics; to become competent and have an understanding of economics.

#### 1.3 Block of general professional and special academic courses

To be able to apply the knowledge of physics in the professional activities of a physics teacher in schools, secondary and special educational institutions taking into account information and communication technologies (ICT), to plan and organize the project activities of future physics teachers, to organize actual and virtual laboratory work; to understand the role and place of physics in solving problems of electronic engineering, telecommunications networks, computers and software, as well as using skills in these areas in the professional activities of a physics teacher; to use ICT, interactive 17 whiteboards and multimedia projectors for technical support of active types of education; to possess the skills of processing information of various kinds, including to receive, extract and systematize digital, textual, graphic and visual, hypermedia information and physical data bases; to use multimedia resources and media; own methods to search the information on the Internet and databases of physical data; to find, select and process data from digital and Internet sources; to be able to use models and perform object modeling, to master the methods to create multimedia presentations; to possess programming skills using modern tools, to develop algorithmic and operational thinking, logical, intellectual and creative abilities of students by means of information and communication technologies.

## **Professional sphere**

The professional sphere of a bachelor in EP 6B01503 - Computer Physics is educational institutions (secondary schools, pedagogical colleges, institutes of advanced training and retraining of pedagogical personnel, education departments).

#### **Objects of professional activity**

The objects of professional activity of graduates are educational government-financed institutions, educational nongovernment-financed institutions, schools, lyceums, gymnasiums, colleges, vocational educational and training institutions; managerial organizations: government bodies, education departments.

#### Types of professional activity

The types of professional activities of graduates: socio-pedagogical, educational, research, organizational and methodological, cultural and educational, production and technological, organizational and managerial.

#### 2. The purpose and objectives of the educational program

The aim of the educational program is to prepare in high demand, competitive and highly qualified teachers who are fluent in English, with all kinds of competencies necessary for the labor market in education, skilled in modern teaching methods, ICT technologies, and who are able to assess and analyze the current state of the industry.

#### **Objectives of the EP:**

- 1. Providing conditions for mastering a competent and developed speech, knowledge of native and foreign languages, knowledge in the field of communication technology, communication strategies, skills of constructive dialogue, communication in a multicultural, multi-ethnic and multi-denominational society.
- 2. Possession of basic knowledge in fundamental mathematical, natural science and technical disciplines that contribute to the formation of a highly educated person with wide outlook and thinking culture, have the ability to determine and understand the role of mathematics and physics in the world, express well-founded mathematical judgments, use mathematics and physics for the needs inherent in creative, interested and thinking citizen; understand the role of physical processes in nature and technology, technical capabilities and prospects for the use of information technology in various fields of human activity.

- 3. To know the basic laws and principles of physics, apply this knowledge in pedagogical activities, and posses the methods of education and teaching physics. Ability to apply information and communication technologies (ICT) in professional activities, posses network and multimedia technologies for planning and organizing project activities for future physics teachers, for organizing online forums and seminars, and a virtual learning environment; use ICTs, interactive whiteboards and multimedia projectors for technical support of active types of training; to have skills in processing information of various types, including: receiving, retrieving and systematizing digital, text, graphic and visual, hypermedia information and databases; apply multimedia resources and media; posses methods of searching for information on the Internet and databases: find, select and process data from digital and Internet sources; the ability to use models and perform modeling of physical objects and processes, to posses methods for creating multimedia presentations; posses programming skills using modern tools, the development of algorithmic and operational thinking, logical, intellectual and creative abilities of students by means of information and communication technologies. Have basic knowledge of electronic and telecommunication technologies.
- 4. Possession of a system of subject, psychological, pedagogical and methodological knowledge, skills and abilities to apply theoretical knowledge in professional activities, taking into account specific socio-pedagogical conditions, knowledge of the methods of organizing innovative activities in the teaching of physics, knowledge of the theory of pedagogical integration, pedagogical innovation, pedagogical technologies, the ability to integrate knowledge from various subject areas in solving pedagogical problems; knowledge of the methods of planning and conducting criteria-based assessment in physics lessons; Skills in planning educational activities within the framework of inclusive education; providing students with basic knowledge and skills to work with modern information and communication technologies for their effective use in the conditions of updated educational content, implementing trilingual education, which involves teaching not only three languages, but also organizing extracurricular activities of students in three languages (Kazakh, Russian and English), the ability to organize pedagogical cooperation (teacher-student, teacher-teacher, teacher-parent), including in the conditions of specialized training, consolidation of theoretical knowledge during training and pedagogical practices.
- 5. To be aware of ethical, spiritual and cultural values, of the basic laws and forms of regulation of social behavior, and of sociological approaches to the person, to know the traditions and culture of the peoples of Kazakhstan, to know the trends in the development of society, to be able to adequately navigate in various social situations, think creatively, be tolerant to traditions, the culture of other nations of the world, have an active attitude to life.
- 6. Possessing the basics of economic knowledge, in particular management in education, and be competent and have ideas in the field of economics.

## 3. Requirements for the assessment of educational program learning outcomes

The following examination forms are used as an assessment of learning outcomes: computer testing, written exam (answers on the sheets), oral exam, project (submitting a course project), practical (open questions on a computer, solving problems on a computer) comprehensive (test / written / oral + others). The following exams are recommended in accordance with table 1::

Table 1

No	Exams format	Recommended share, %
1	Computer testing	20%
2	Written exam	10%
3	Oral exam	5%
4	Project	30%
5	Practical	30%
6	Comprehensive	5%

In accordance with the provision of the grade-rating system for assessing student performance, control is performed during the ongoing monitoring of progress, interim and final certification.

Ongoing performance is monitored in all organizational study modes (types of academic studies): lecture, seminar, practical session, laboratory session, independent work, examination, consultation, educational and production practice. Types of current control: Operational and midterm.

Operational control of knowledge is carried out in order to objectively assess the quality of mastering the current program material under an academic course, the level of formation of general and professional competencies, as well as to stimulate students for learning activities, monitor the results of educational activities, prepare for midterm attestation. Forms of operational control include control work, testing, questioning, the preparation and defense of practical and laboratory project, the implementation of individual sections of the course project (course work), the performance of abstracts (reports), control over the implementation of extracurricular independent work, control over the implementation of written tasks, individual tasks; preparation of presentations, etc.

Midterm control is aimed at the comprehensive assessment of the level of mastering the program material according to the academic calendar of the University.

Current control forms, content and grades are determined by the teacher and specified in the academic course syllabus for the student.

Current control grade consists of grades from the current control of the curricular and extracurricular studies and grades from midterm control. Current control is rated on a 100% scale.

Verification of educational achievements is carried out by various types and forms of control.

Academic achievements of students for all types of control are evaluated according to a scorerating letter system to assess educational achievements of students.

According to the results of midterm attestation, the Registrar's office (RO) compiles an academic rating of students.

The order of the midterm control of students' achievement.

Midterm attestation of students at the University is carried out in accordance with the academic calendar, working curriculum and curriculum programs developed based on the State Compulsory Educational Standard and curriculum programs.

The period of midterm attestation of students is called the examination session. Midterm attestation of students is carried out in the form of exams, defense of coursework (projects) and reports on professional practice with the obligatory grading.

The form of the examination for each academic course is determined in the working program of the academic course and approved by the Scientific and Methodological Council of the University. According to the results of midterm attestation, the Registrar's office compiles an academic rating of students.

Based on examination results for the academic course, the final grade for the academic course is generated in percentage and is determined by the following formula:  $G_{FINAL}\% = \frac{R_1 + R_2}{2} \times 0.6 + F \times 0.4$ ,

$$G_{FINAL}\% = \frac{R_1 + R_2}{2} \times 0.6 + F \times 0.4$$

Where:  $R_1$  - first rating grade, percentage

 $R_2$  - second rating grade, percentage

F - examination grade, percentage.

The final grade is percentage  $G_{FINAL}$ % is conversed into the final grade  $G_{FINAL}$  in numerical and letter equivalents according to Table 1.

Table 1.

Letter Grade	nde Numerical grade Percentage grade		Traditional grade	
A	4,0	95-100	Excellent	
A-	3,67	90-94	Excellent	

B+	3,33	85-89	Good
В	3,0	80-84	Cood
B-	2,67	75-79	Good
C+	2,33	70-74	
С	2,0	65-69	
C-	1,67	60-64	Satisfactory
D+	1,33	55-59	
D	1,0	50-54	
FX	0	25-49	Unsatisfactory with a retake
F	0	0-24	Unsatisfactory

A positive grade for the midterm attestation serves as the basis for offsetting credits in the prescribed amount for the relevant academic course and is recorded in the student's transcript.

If the student receives an "unsatisfactory F" grade for the final control (examination), the final grade for the academic course is not counted and its credits are not included.

In order to retake the examination from an "unsatisfactory F" grade to a positive one or increase the average grade (GPA), the student in the next academic period should re-attend all types of academic studies provided by the working curriculum for the academic course, and receive admission and pass the final control. In this case, the student should again go through the procedure of registration for the academic course.

The "FX" grade means that the student has the right to retake the academic course without retraining the theoretical course.

The "FX" grade is set for students who have less than 20% admission or who have received admission to the final control, but who have received an "unsatisfactory" grade.

In order to improve GPA, the student should choose the academic courses for re-study or retake the academic course on a fee basis. Retake of academic course in the same academic period is not allowed.

Students take exams in strict accordance with the approved working and individual curriculum, working curricula of academic courses. The student who disagrees with the result of the exam, must make an appeal no later than the next working day after the final control.

For the period of the examination session (midterm attestation), according to the order of the head of the higher education institution, an appeal commission is created from among the teachers whose qualifications correspond to the profile of the appealed academic courses.

The decision of the appeals commission shall be drawn up by the protocol whereby the examination sheet is compiled.

Based on the results of examination sessions (results of the winter, spring and summer sessions) of the academic period, the Registrar's office calculates a convertible score as a weighted average of the student's achievements.

Final certification ends with the defense of the graduation project.

# 4. Passport of the educational program

## **4.1 General Information**

No	Field name	Note
1	Education area code and	6B01 – Pedagogical sciences
	classification:	
2	Code and classification of training areas:	6B015 - Teacher training in science subjects
3	Group of educational programs:	03 – Physics teacher training
4	Name of the educational program	6B01503 Computer Physics
5	Brief description of the educational program	The sphere of professional activity of graduates is the education and development of students in general educational organizations, educational institutions and centers; the field of science, organizations, institutions and enterprises related to research in the field of physics and technology, in particular radio-electronic and telecommunication technologies and computer modeling.
		The subject of the professional activity of graduates is: the educational process in the unity of its value-target guidelines, content, methods, forms and results; research, innovation, information and analytical activity in the field of physics, mathematics, pedagogy, psychology and teaching methods; the technological process of designing, implementing and maintaining software, mathematical and information support; software for computer visualization of tasks of science and technology, animation of natural processes, abstract concepts in scientific research and pedagogical activity; modern mathematical methods, methods of theoretical and experimental physics, mathematics for solving problems of science, education, technology, economics and management.
		The objects of professional activity of graduates are: state and non-state funded educational institutions, educational institutions, schools, lyceums, gymnasiums, colleges, technical and vocational education institutions; organizations of science: scientific, research centers in the field of physics, mathematics, pedagogy, psychology and teaching methods; management organizations: government bodies, education departments; organizations of various forms of ownership using the methods of physics and mathematics, radio-electronic and telecommunication techniques, and computer technologies in their work.

6	The purpose of the EP	The aim of the educational program is to prepare in
		high demand, competitive and highly qualified teachers who are fluent in English, with all kinds of competencies necessary for the labor market in education, skilled in modern teaching methods, ICT technologies, and who are able to assess and analyze the current state of the industry
7	ISCE level	6
8	NFQ level	6
9	IQF level	6

- 10 List of competencies of the educational program:
  - CC1. To possess basic knowledge in the field of social, humanitarian, economic disciplines that contribute to the formation of a highly educated personality with a broad outlook and culture of thinking.
  - CC2. To know the social and ethical values based on public opinion, traditions, customs, social norms and focus on them in their professional activities, know the basics of the legal system and legislation of Kazakhstan; comply with business ethics, possess ethical and legal standards of conduct.
  - CC3. To be able to work in a team, correctly defend one's point of view, propose new solutions; be able to find compromises, relate your opinion with the opinion of the team; strive for professional and personal growth.
  - CC4. To possess the basics of economic knowledge, have a scientific understanding of management in education, etc.; know and understand the goals and methods of state regulation of education, the role of the public sector in education.
  - CC5. To be capable of professional written and oral communication in the Kazakh and Russian languages; know a foreign language at the level necessary to perform professional tasks.
  - BC1. To be able to master the methods of solving problems in various branches of physics; to solve problems; build mathematical models of physical processes, perform discretization of differential equations of physics, plotting physical processes and visualizing the results obtained
  - BC2. To be capable of generalization, analysis, perception of information, setting a goal and choosing ways to achieve it; can formulate arguments and solve problems in the field of education and teaching physics; able to collect and interpret information for the formation of judgments, taking into account social, ethical and scientific-pedagogical considerations.
  - BC3. To posses the methods of conducting and demonstrating a school experiment, to be able to substantiate the decisions made and implemented in the field of a physical experiment; be able to analyze and apply the results in practice.
  - BC4. To be able to master the features and innovations in teaching physics and astronomy at school; apply this knowledge to explain the conditions for the occurrence of various phenomena in nature, the professional sphere and for making practical decisions in everyday life; show the formation of their own position in relation to information obtained from different sources.
  - PC1. To be able to participate in the team of performers when performing laboratory, practical, lecture and other types of physics lessons at school; to be able to reflect, objectively assess their achievements; improve their physical qualities and mental abilities, competently use linguistic and cultural linguistic knowledge to solve communication problems in a multilingual and multicultural society of the Republic of Kazakhstan and in the international arena.
  - PC2. Possess the ability to produce and evaluate experiment measuring the measurement results; conduct experimental studies of various phenomena, processes, properties of substances and determine the parameters of states.
  - PC3. To be able to use the evaluation data of measurement results in the educational process

- and in practice; analyze the measurement results, detect the relationship between the quantities, use the results and draw conclusions.
- PC4. To be able to use advanced technology in conducting classes in school physics and astronomy.
- 11 Learning outcomes of the educational program:
  - LO1. Be able to communicate in oral and written forms including in foreign language, formulate and prove justifiably personal point of view, worldview and citizen position in interpersonal interaction and intercultural medium.
  - LO2. Demonstrate and apply basic mathematic, natural science, humanitarian, social economic and law knowledge in interdisciplinary context for solution of professional problems in field of physics.
  - LO3. Demonstrate ability to self-organization, self- education and professional perfection, critical understanding of experience obtained.
  - LO4. Use in professional activity various types of information-communication technologies: internet- resources, cloud and mobile services on search, storage, treatment, protection and distribution of information; use methods of analytical and numerical calculation of problems, computer methods of collection, storage and treatment of information.
  - LO5. Demonstrate ability to gaining of new, widening and deepening of earlier obtained knowledge, abilities and competences in various fields of human activity including at the interface of various directions of activity and fields of science.
  - LO6. Demonstrate skills of participation in creation of mathematical and physical models. Use methodologies of mathematical treatment of results of theoretical and experimental research.
  - LO7. Carry out engineer calculations on typical methodologies and projecting certain physical problems in accordance with technical task.
  - LO8. Be able to forecast, plan and control education- training process in conditions of renewed content of secondary education with account of physiological and functional peculiarities of processes of development, individual education needs of trainees and students.
  - LO9. Be able to use in professional activity the basic knowledge of fundamental parts of mathematics, create mathematical models of typical professional problems and interpret results obtained with account of boundaries of models applicability.
  - LO10. Be able to use basic theoretical knowledge of fundamental parts of general and theoretical physics, astronomy for solution of professional problems.
  - LO11. Be able to project, organize and analyze pedagogical activity providing succession of information presentation and interdisciplinary relations of physics to other disciplines, use in their own work the progressive ideas of the past and the modern time, projecting and approve own innovations, analyze and evaluate results of implementations of innovations into education-training process, self-regulation and reflection, critical and creative thinking, consciousness, formulation and solution of pedagogical problems.
  - LO12. Be able to organize and set up physical experiment (laboratory, demonstration, and computer) and be able to organize cognitive activity of students in process of physical experiment.
  - LO13. Be able to organize and guide education- investigation activity of students, planning and organization theirs self-education, study self-consistently, realize own individual style of study, thinking and learning, develop needs and ability to self-education and self-development; critically analyze teachers experience, pedagogical literature and normative documentation.

	12	Mode of study	Full-time
Ī	13	Medium of instruction	English
	14	Credits	240 ECTS

15	Awarded academic degree	Bachelor of Education in the program of 6B01503 -					
		«Computer Physics»					
16	Developer (s) and the authors:	«International University of Information					
		Technology» JSC, the department of « Radio					
		engineering, electronics and telecommunications »:					
		- Daineko Y.A., PhD, Assistant Professor.					
		- Aitmagambetov A.Z., C.T.Sc, Professor.					
		- Duzbayev N.T., PhD, Associate professor.					
		- Kabatayeva R.S., PhD, Assistant Professor.					
		- Shapiyeva A.Y., senior-lecturer, MSc.					
		- Manatuly A., lecturer, MSc.					

# 4.2 Correlation matrix of the learning outcomes of educational programs with evolving competencies

	LO1	LO2	LO3	LO4	LO5	LO6	LO7	LO8	LO9	LO10	LO11	LO12	LO13
CC1	٧												
CC2	V												
CC3			V										
CC4					٧								
CC5	V												
BC1						٧	V			V			
BC2		V		V	٧								
BC3											٧	V	
BC4								<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>				٧
PC1								<b>V</b>			٧		V
PC2										V		٧	
PC3							٧			V			
PC4				V							V		

# 4.3. Information about the disciplines

Nº	Name of the discipline	Brief description of the discipline (30-50 words)	Num ber of credi ts	Acquired competencie s (codes)	Prerequisites	Post requisites
	The c	cycle of general education discipl	ines			
		Compulsory component				
1	Modern history of Kazakhstan	Studied the laws of the historical process, the place of man in the historical process	5	CC2	No	No
2	Philosophy	The principles of understanding philosophy as a methodology of human activity, readiness for self-knowledge, Amateur activity, development of cultural wealth as a factor of harmonization of personal and	5	CC1, CC2	No	No

studied.  The skills of written and oral communication in the language of international communication are taught.  Kazakh (Russian) language  Information and communication in the state language are imparted.  Information and communication information and technology (in communication technology (in communication technologies in the skills of written and oral communication in the state language are imparted.  The skills of written and oral communication in the state language are imparted.  To CC3, CC4  No  No  CC3, CC4  No  No  No  The skills of written and oral communication in the state language are imparted.  The skills of written and oral communication in the state language are imparted.	Professionally- oriented foreign language  No  Introduction to the programming  No
Foreign language communication in the language of international communication are taught.  Kazakh (Russian) language  Information and communication in the state language are imparted.  Information and communication information and technology (in communication technologies in the language are incommunication in the state language are imparted.  To CC3, CC4  No CC4  No No CC5  No No CC5  No CC5	No  Introduction to the programming
Foreign language   Of international communication are taught.   Skills of written and oral communication in the state language are imparted.   Information and communication information and technology (in   CC3, CC4   No   No   No   No   No   No   No   N	Introduction to the programming
are taught.  4 Kazakh (Russian) Skills of written and oral communication in the state language are imparted.  5 Information and communication information and technology (in communication technologies in communication	No  Introduction to the programming
4 Kazakh (Russian) Skills of written and oral communication in the state language are imparted.  Information and communication technology (in communication technologies in language are imparted.  Skills of written and oral communication in the state language are imparted.  No CC4 No No No CC5 No	Introduction to the programming
language   Communication in the state   10   CC4   No language are imparted.    Information and communication information and technology (in   CC5   No communication technologies in   5   CC5   C	Introduction to the programming
Information and communication technology (in communication technologies in technology technology communication technologies in	programming
5 communication technology (in communication technologies in technology (in communication technologies in technology (in technology (in technologies in technology (in technology	programming
technology (in communication technologies in 5 CC5 No	programming
technology (in   communication technologies in	
1 (martials)   ambatantina astrontia	No
English) substantive activities.  Skills for identification of No	140
natural-scientific essences and	
6 Political science the problems arising in the 2 CC2	ĺ
course of professional activity	
are imparted.	
Ability to systematize No	No
7 Sociology knowledge of the world and 2 CC3	
Kazakhstan legislation in the	
field of information security.  The study of society, its	
8 Psychology development and patterns of 2 CC2 No	Educational
social phenomena.	Psychology
Study of cultural heritage,	
interethnic relations,	
9 Culturology Knowledge of material, social 2 CC2 No	No
and spiritual activities of people	
and spiritual values.	
The ability to understand the Physical Culture Practical use of healthy 8 CC1 No	No
Physical Culture practical use of healthy 8 CC1 No lifestyles, including prevention.	NO
Cycle of General Education Disciplines	
University component/Elective component	
Actual problems of the theory	
and methodology of teaching	
physics. The main objectives of	
learning physics. The relationship of teaching	
methods and methods of	
Physics Teaching scientific knowledge RC1 RC2	Innovative
1 Physics reaching Methodology Classification of teaching 5 BC1, BC2, BC3, BC4	methods of
physics. Methods of teaching	physics teaching
physics with regard to teaching	
aids (demonstration,	
laboratory, problem solving).	
Forms of the organization of the educational process in physics.	
Cycle of basic disciplines	
University component	
Physics and measurement.	
Vectors. One-dimensional and	
two-dimensional motion	
kinematics. Dynamics of a	
point particle and a rigid body.  Newton's laws. Circular 5 DC1 DC2	
1 Mechanics Newton's laws. Circular motion and other applications 5 BC1, BC3 No	Molecular physics
of Newton's laws. Work and	
energy. The laws of	
conservation. Linear	
momentum and collisions.	
Center of the mass. The motion	

		of a system of particles. Non- inertial reference frames. Rigid body mechanics. The moment of inertia and the application of the laws of the dynamics of a rigid body. Universal gravitation. Statics of liquids and gases. Hydrodynamics. Oscillations. Waves. Theory of relativity. Includes a grammar course,				
2	Professionally- oriented foreign language	vocabulary of professional nature and texts of professional orientation.	4	BC1, BC4	Foreign language	Scientific and Technical translation
3	Mathematical Analysis - 1	Functions. The superposition of two functions. Inverse functions. Numeric sequences. The limit of the sequence. Cauchy criterion. The basic properties of converging sequences. Subsequences. Lemma Bolzano-Weierstrass. Limit function. Properties of the limit function. Infinitely small and infinitely large functions. Comparison of infinitely small quantities. Remarkable limitations. Continuous functions. Continuous functions. Continuous functions. The basic properties of continuous functions. The first and second Weierstrass theorems. Bolzano-Cauchy theorem. The derivative of the function. The physical and geometric meaning of the derivative. Tangent line. Table of derivatives and differentiation rules. Differentiation of the composite function. Differentiation. Theorems on differentiable function. Differential function. Theorems on differentials of higher orders. Taylor Formula. Maclaurin's formula for some functions. Intervals of monotony. Extreme points. Concave and convex functions. Points of inflection Asymptotes. The general scheme of the analysis of the function and the construction of its schedule. Primitive. Indefinite integral and its properties. Table of main integrals. Integration in parts. Integration of rational	5	BC2	No	Differential equations

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			distribution. Boltzmann				
distribution. Transfer							
phenomena. Real gases. Basics							
of thermodynamics. Thermal			of thermodynamics. Thermal				

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		machines. Entropy. Crystalline				
1		state. Liquid state Phase				
		equilibria and transformations.				
		Electric Fields. Properties of				
		Electric Charges. Charging				
		Objects by Induction.				
		Coulomb's Law. The Electric				
		Field. Electric Field Lines.				
		Motion of Charged Particles in				
		a Uniform Electric Field.				
		Gauss's Law. Electric Flux.				
		Gauss's Law. Distributions.				
		Conductors in Electrostatic				
		Equilibrium. Formal				
		Derivation of Gauss's Law.				
		Electric Potential. Potential				
		Difference and Electric				
		Potential. Potential Differences				
		in a Uniform Electric Field.				
		Electric Potential and Potential				
		Energy Due to Point Charges.				
		Obtaining the Value of the				
		Electric Field from the Electric				
		Potential. Electric Potential				
		Due to a Charged Conductor.				
		The Millikan Oil-Drop				
		Experiment. Applications of				
		Electrostatics. Capacitance and				
		Dielectrics. Definition of				
		Capacitance. Calculating				
		Capacitance. Combinations of				
		Capacitors. Energy Stored in a				
7	Electricity and	Charged Capacitor. Capacitors	6	BC1, BC3	Molecular physics	Optics
	Magnetism	with Dielectrics. Electric		ŕ	1 7	•
		Dipole in an Electric Field.				
		Current and Resistance.				
		Electric Current. Resistance. A				
		Model for Electrical				
		Conduction. Resistance and				
		Temperature. Superconductors.				
		Electrical Power. Direct Current Circuits. Electromotive				
		Force. Resistors in Series and				
		Parallel. Kirchhoff's Rules. RC				
		Circuits. Magnetic Fields.				
		Magnetic Field and Forces.				
		Magnetic Force Acting on a				
		Current-Carrying Conductor.				
		Sources of Magnetic Field. The				
		Biot-Savart Law. Ampere's				
		Law. The Magnetic Field of a				
		Solenoid. Gauss's Law in				
		Magnetism. The Magnetic				
		Field of the Earth. Faraday's				
		Field of the Earth. Faraday's Law. Faraday's Law of				
		Field of the Earth. Faraday's Law. Faraday's Law of Induction. Motional emf.				
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		Field of the Earth. Faraday's Law. Faraday's Law of Induction. Motional emf. Lenz's Law. Induced emf and Electric Fields. Maxwell's Equations. Inductance. Self-Inductance. Mutual Inductance.				

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		capacitors in an AC Circuit. Electromagnetic Waves.				
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		Hertz's Discoveries. Plane				
		Electromagnetic Waves.				
		Energy Carried by				
		Electromagnetic Waves.				
		Momentum and Radiation				
		Pressure.				
		The Nature of Light.				
		Measurements of the Speed of				
		Light. The Ray Approximation				
		in Geometric Optics.				
		Reflection. Refraction.				
		Huygens's Principle.				
		Dispersion and Prisms. Total				
		Internal Reflection. Image				
		Formation. Images Formed by				
		Flat Mirrors. Images Formed				
		by Spherical Mirrors. Images				
		Formed by Refraction. Thin				
		Lenses. Lens Aberrations. The				
		Camera. The Eye. Interference				
		of Light Waves. Conditions for				
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		Interference. Young's Double-				
		Slit Experiment. Intensity				
		Distribution of the Double-Slit				
		Interference Pattern. Phasor				
		Addition of Waves. Change of		DG1 DG2	Electricity and	Atomic and
8	Optics	Phase Due to Reflection.	6	BC1, BC3	Magnetism	Nuclear physics
		Interference in Thin Films. The				T J
		Michelson Interferometer.				
		Diffraction Patterns and				
		Polarization. Introduction to				
		Diffraction Patterns.				
		Diffraction Patterns from				
		Narrow Slits. Resolution of				
		Single-Slit and Circular				
		Apertures. The Diffraction				
		Grating. Diffraction of X-rays				
		by Crystals. Polarization of				
		Light Waves. Thermal				
		radiation. Emissivity and				
		absorptivity of the matter and				
		their ratios. Blackbody				
		radiation. Stefan–Boltzmann				
		law. Derivation of the Planck				
		Distribution Law. Wien's				
		displacement law. The				
		Rayleigh Jeans law.				
		Introduction to differential				
		equations. Classification of				
		1 -				
		differential equations.				
		Differential equation solution.				
		Initial conditions. Guide fields.				
	Differential	First order differential		D.C.C.	Mathematical	Mathematical
9	equations	equations. Separable	6	BC2	analysis – 1	analysis – 2
	1	Equations. Homogeneous				
		differential equation.				
		Differential Equations				
		Reducible to Homogeneous				
		Form. First order linear				
		equations. Bernoulli equation.				

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		Exact differential equations.				
		Integrating factor. Singular				
		solutions of a first order				
		differential equation. Clairaut's				
		equation. Lagrange's equation.				
		Simulation using first-order				
		differential equations. Higher				
		order differential equations,				
		general notation. Some types				
		of second order differential				
		equations, reducible to				
		equations of the first order.				
		Medium term. Homogeneous				
		differential equations.				
		Definitions and general				
		properties. Linearly				
		independent solutions.				
		Vronsky. Structure of the				
		overall solution. Homogeneous				
		nth order linear equations with				
		constant coefficients.				
		Inhomogeneous second-order linear differential equations				
		_				
		with constant coefficients. The				
		properties of its solution.				
		Inhomogeneous higher order				
		linear differential equations.				
		Systems of ordinary				
		differential equations. Systems				
		of linear differential equations				
		with constant coefficients.				
		Introduction to Quantum				
		Physics. Blackbody Radiation				
		and Planck's Hypothesis. The				
		Photoelectric Effect. The				
		Compton Effect. The Nature of				
		Electromagnetic Waves. The				
		Wave Properties of Particles.				
		A New Model: The Quantum				
		Particle. Atomic Physics.				
		Atomic Spectra of Gases.				
		Early Models of the Atom.				
		Bohr's Model of the Hydrogen				
		Atom. The Quantum Model of				
		the Hydrogen Atom. The				
		Wave Functions for Hydrogen.				
1	Atomic and	Atomic Physics. Physical	5	BC1,BC3	Ontios	Astrophysics
0	Nuclear physics	Interpretation of the Quantum	3	BC1,BC3	Optics	Astrophysics
		Numbers. The Exclusion				
		Principle and the Periodic				
		Table. More on Atomic				
		Spectra: Visible and X-Ray.				
		Lasers. Molecules and Solids.				
		Molecular Bonds. Energy				
		States				
		and Spectra of Molecules.				
		Bonding in Solids. Free-				
		Electron Theory of Metals.				
		Band Theory of Solids.				
		Electrical Conduction in				
		Metals, Insulators, and				
		Semiconductors.				
		Superconductivity. Nuclear				
		i auderconductivity. Micleaf	i	Ī	ĺ	i e

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		Structure. Some Properties of				
		Nuclei. Nuclear Binding				
		Energy. Nuclear Models.				
		Radioactivity. The Decay				
		Processes. Natural				
		Radioactivity. Nuclear				
		Reactions. Applications of				
		Nuclear Physics. Interactions				
		Involving Neutrons. Nuclear				
		Fission. Nuclear Reactors.				
		Nuclear Fusion. Radiation				
		Damage. Radiation Detectors.				
		Uses of Radiation. Particle				
		Physics and Cosmology. The				
		•				
		Fundamental Forces in Nature.				
		Positrons and Other				
		Antiparticles. Mesons and the				
		Beginning of Particle Physics.				
		Classification of Particles.				
		Conservation Laws. Strange				
		Particles and Strangeness.				
		Finding Patterns in the				
		Particles. Quarks. Multicolored				
		Quarks. The Standard Model.				
		The Cosmic Connection.				
		Problems and				
		Perspectives.				
		The study of the nature of				
		astronomical objects, such as				
		the sun, stars, galaxies,				
		exoplanets, interstellar media,				
1		and relict radiation, using the			A 1	
1	Astrophysics	laws of physics. By analyzing	4	BC4	Atomic and	No
1	J. J.	the electromagnetic spectrum			nuclear physics	
		of the radiation, the				
		luminosity, density,				
		temperature and chemical				
		properties of these objects are				
		studied.				
		Educational practice for the				
		purpose of familiarization with				
		the educational process at				
1	Educational	school and the basics of	3	BC4, PC1	No	Pedagogical
2	Internship	teaching physics in school.	3	BC4, FC1	NO	internship
	•	Educational work with students				
		of the school and methods of				
		conducting classes in physics				
-	<u> </u>	Cycle of	hacia di	zeinlines	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
1			ve comp			
1				ipline - 1		
1			ave uisc	 		1
		Peer-reviewed publications are				
		the main source of important				
		new information. This course				
		contains recommendations for				
	Scientific and	writing various sections of				
		scientific articles, review			Professionally-	
	Technical	articles, and case reports.	4	BC4	oriented foreign	No
	translation	Additional topics discussed			language	
		include making a decision on				
		authorship, choosing a journal				
		for submitting an article,				
		understanding the review				
		process and the expectations of				

		editors and reviewers, and				
		revising an article.				
	Oscillations and Waves	This course will provide the concepts and mathematical tools necessary to understand and explain a wide range of vibrations and waves. The course includes many topics from these phenomena, as well as related topics, including mechanical vibrations and waves, sound waves, electromagnetic waves, optics, and gravitational waves.	4	BC1, BC4	Electricity and Magnetism	Theory of Electromagnetic Field
2		Large		T	1	1
	Basics of scientific computation	Ability to create conceptual models of various phenomena. Implementation of models using computer simulation. Factors assessing models: the ability to explain past observations, the ability to predict future observations.	4	BC3	Introduction to programming	Computer simulation in education
	Technology of criteria-based assessment	Formation and development of a student: knowledge of the current state of methods and means of diagnosing student achievements; skills in the practical application of modern means of assessing student learning outcomes; positive motivation and interest in mastering the basics of an objective assessment of students, the desire for creative activity.	4	BC3	Pedagogy	No
3			lisciplin	e - 3 (Minor)		1
	Educational Management	Methodological bases of management. Goals and objectives of managing organizations. Management functions. External and internal environment of the organization. Theoretical foundations of management decisions. Fundamentals of the theory of management decisions. Management of risks. Strategic management. Management psychology. Features of management in the field of professional activity. Pedagogical management.	5	BC4	Pedagogy	No
	Health and safety	The knowledge and skills necessary for creating safe and harmless living conditions, designing new equipment and technological processes in accordance with modern requirements for the safety of their operation, forecasting and making competent decisions in emergency situations to protect	5	BC4	No	No

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		the population and production				
		personnel from the possible				
		consequences of accidents,				
		disasters, natural Disasters.	Ji a c ! 1"	. 4 (N/2-: )		
4		The study of algorithms using	disciplin	e - 4 (Minor)	1	
	Mathematical simulation and numerical methods	numerical approximation for the problems of mathematical analysis. Calculation of values of functions, interpolation, extrapolation and regression, optimization, numerical calculation of integrals, solving differential equations. Studying the foundations of mathematical modeling such as dynamical systems, statistical models, differential equations, and game theory.	5	BC3, BC4	Methods of mathematical physics	No
	Basics of semiconductor devices	of semiconductors and semiconductor electronics, explains the principle of operation of transistors and semiconductor devices. The course also includes models of semiconductor devices and predicts how they can be used for electronic devices.	5	BC2, BC3	Electricity and magnetism	No
5		Elect	tive disc	ipline - 5		
	The theory of complex variable function	Complex numbers and actions on them. Algebraic form of a complex number. Trigonometric and exponential form of a complex number. Formula of Moivre. The functions of complex variable. Basic elementary functions of a complex variable. Inverse trigonometric functions. The relationship between exponential and trigonometric functions of a complex variable. Cauchy-Riemann conditions. Harmonic functions integration of complex variable functions. The integral of the single-valued branch of multivalued functions. Branching points. Cauchy's integral formula. Rows in a complex area. Power series. Convergence. Rows of Taylor and Loran. Area of convergence. Zero functions. Isolated singular points. Pole functions. Residue. The calculation of the integral using the residue. Cauchy's theorem on residues. Annex to the computation of certain residues integrals.	6	BC4	Differential equations	Methods of mathematical physics

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		Jordan's lemma. The				
		logarithmic residue.				
		Repetition.  A basic understanding of educational research and the scope of educational research; the process of conducting				
	Research methods in education	systematic scientific research (problem statement, literature review, sampling, data collection, data analysis and reporting) in the field of education; quantitative studies of design options and characteristics of each design alternative; concepts, methods and tools with which educational research is developed, conducted, interpreted and critically evaluated	6	BC4	No	No
6			tive disci	pline - 6		
	Basics of vector and tensor analysis	Operator nabla, gradient, divergence, rotor. Consistent use of the operator nabla. Integration of vectors. Ostrogradsky-Gauss theorem, Green's theorem, Stokes theorem. Curvilinear coordinate systems, Cartesian, spherical, cylindrical coordinates. Differential operators of second order. Coagulation, the rule of the private.	4	BC2, BC3	Mathematical analysis – 1	Theoretical mechanics
	Physiology of school student development	The discipline covers: modern information about the anatomical and physiological characteristics of the body of children and adolescents, its relationships with the environment; knowledge of the laws underlying the preservation and strengthening of the health of schoolchildren, maintaining their high performance in various types of educational activities; familiarization of students with problems arising at the border of pedagogical and physiological sciences; familiarization of students with basic hygiene standards and requirements for the organization of the educational process at school.	4	BC4	No	No
7		Elect	tive disci	ipline - 7	•	•
		A critical aspect of teacher				
	Pedagogy	education is gaining pedagogical content knowledge of how to teach science for	5	BC4	No	Physics Teaching Methodology
	Pedagogy	education is gaining pedagogical content knowledge	5	BC4	No	

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		research and development work				
		centers on constructing a				
		formative assessment resource				
		to help expose pre-service				
		teachers to a greater number of				
		science topics within teaching				
		episodes using various modes				
		of instruction. The course				
		includes four basic pedagogies:				
		didactic direct, active direct,				
		guided inquiry, and open				
		inquiry. The intention is that				
		students and teachers will be				
		able to share and discuss				
		particular responses to				
		individual items, or else record				
		their responses to collections of				
		items and thereby create a profile of their teaching				
		profile of their teaching orientations.				
		This discipline teaches the				
		analysis of the computational				
		complexity of algorithms to				
	Basics of	design, implement and analyze			Information and	
	algorithms and	basic data structures and	5	BC4	communication	No
	data structures	graphs. Writing, evaluating and	3	ВСч	technology (in	140
	data structures	adapting standard basic sorting			English)	
		and search algorithms. Design				
		and coding C programs				
8		ŭ i ŭ	ive disci	pline - 8		
		The fundamental study of		•		
		physical systems with a large				
		number of degrees of freedom.				
		Statistical thermodynamics				
		describes the relationship				
	Thermodynamics	between the macroscopic				
	and statistical	properties of materials in	5	BC3	Molecular physics	No
	physics	thermodynamic equilibrium	5	263	Wiorecular physics	110
	Pilysies	and the microscopic properties				
		and movements that occur				
		inside a material.				
		Microcanonical ensemble,				
		canonical ensemble, large				
$\vdash$		canonical ensemble.				
		This course gives the student an				
		understanding of the				
		fundamental principles and practical capabilities of				
		practical capabilities of physical research methods,				
		familiarity with their hardware				
		and experimental conditions,				
	Electronic	the ability to interpret and				
	methods in	correctly evaluate experimental	5	BC3	Atomic and	No
	physics research	data, including those published	٥		Nuclear physics	- 10
	r.1,5155 155501011	in the scientific literature. The				
		student must also learn the				
		optimal choice of methods for				
		solving the tasks and make				
		conclusions based on the				
		analysis and comparison of the				
		totality of the available data.				
'						

	Innovative methods of physics teaching	Information technology as a basis for innovation in education. Educational opportunities of innovative technologies. Means of multimedia in learning. Hypertext technologies. Basics of computer telecommunications. Distance learning. Questions of culture	5	BC4	Physics Teaching Methodology	No
	Condensed state physics	and morality in the modern educational environment.  Acquaintance with the basic methods of research and calculation of the physical characteristics of solids, the study of the physical properties of condensed matter at the atomic- molecular level. The formation of systematic knowledge among students in the following areas: methods for studying the atomic structure of a condensed state; types of bonds and defects of the crystal lattice; mechanical properties of solids; vibrations of atoms of the crystal lattice and thermal properties of crystals; thermal, electrical, optical and magnetic properties; superconductivity; properties of amorphous solids.	5	BC3	Quantum mechanics	No
1 0		Electi	ive disci	pline - 10		
U	Computer simulation in education	Numerical modeling of differential equations, stochastic modeling, Monte Carlo method, dynamic system modeling. Model visualization with ComSol. Solving mathematical models of physical systems with the help of ComSol.	5	BC3, BC4	Basics of scientific computation	No
	Technique of school experiment	High school physics experiments related to properties of matter; mixtures-solutions-acids and bases; liquids; pressure; heat and temperature; motion, force, work, power and energy; mechanical waves; mirrors, properties of images formed by spherical mirrors; lenses, properties of images formed by converging and diverging lenses; optical instruments; electrostatics; electric current; electrical appliances; simple electric circuits; magnetism; induced current; transformers	5	BC1, BC2, BC4	Electronic methods in physics research	No
1		Electi	ive disci	pline - 11		

		The fem demonstration of the C				
	Theoretical mechanics	The fundamental postulates of theoretical mechanics on space and time, which contain the clearest formulation of the basic physical assumptions of theoretical mechanics. The law of conservation of momentum, kinetic moment and energy and their connection with the properties of space-time and with the symmetry of the force fields. The role of covariant forms of the equations of motion. Lagrange, Hamilton, and Hamilton-Jacobi methods. Basic equations of motion of a rigid body.	5	PC1, PC2	Mechanics	Methods of mathematical physics
	Inclusive education	The philosophy, history and methodology of an inclusive approach. Documents governing the development of an inclusive process in higher professional education. Educational needs of students with disabilities and disabilities. Methods and forms of organization of the educational process at a university for students with disabilities. Development of adapted educational programs, curricula and educational paths for students with disabilities and disabilities. Psychological and pedagogical support of students with disabilities and disabilities at the university.	5	BC4	No	No
		Cycle of Profes	sional D	Disciplines		
		University			1	
1	Methods of mathematical physics	The equations of physics. Second order differential equations in partial derivatives. Classification, types, reduction to canonical form, finding common solutions. Fourier method. Dalamber method. Wave equation, heat equation. Cauchy problem, initial and boundary conditions.	5	PC1, PC2	Theoretical mechanics	Thermodynamics and statistical physics
2	Theory of Electromagnetic Field	To present electrodynamics as a physical theory based on laws established by experience, further developed as a theoretical course in the form of field theory, its basic methods and provisions, to show that electrodynamics is the basis in theoretical and experimental physics and serves as an introduction to quantum theory of matter and radiation. The basic laws, methods and formalisms of modern classical	5	PC1, PC2	Electricity and magnetism	Quantum mechanics

		field theory, apply and interpret				
		them;				
3	Educational psychology	Contains socio-political and psychological knowledge, reflecting the laws, mechanisms and facts necessary for the knowledge of the depth of objective and subjective processes of development of society and man. The interaction between scientific disciplines - sociology, cultural studies, political science, psychology, is carried out on the basis of the principles of informational complementarity, integration and methodological integrity of research approaches.	3	BC4	Psychology	No
4	Pedagogical Internship	A passive practice, familiarization with the pedagogical process at school, attending classes in physics and all subjects of the assigned class. Active practice, conducting a lesson in physics and extracurricular educational activities with an assigned class.	8	PC1, PC2, PC3	Educational Internship	Pre-diploma Internship
5	Pre-diploma Internship	Preparation of the graduation project for the defense, the formulation of the project goal, the tasks set to achieve the goal. Performing basic calculations and obtaining results, the formulation of the conclusion and prospects of the project.	3	PC1-PC4	Pedagogical Internship	No
6	Quantum Mechanics	Introduction to the mathematics of quantum mechanics. Operators in quantum mechanics. Eigenfunctions and eigenvalues. Wave function. Schrödinger equation. One-dimensional harmonic oscillator. Potential well of infinite height. Potential well of finite height. Potential barrier and tunneling. The system of identical particles. The theory of the helium atom. Approximate methods of quantum mechanics.	6	PC1, PC2	Optics	Condensed state physics
		Cycle of Profes				
1		Elective		ent pline - 12		
1	Fundamentals of electronic engineering	We study the basics of electronic technology on the basis of lectures, laboratory and self-study. The problems of physical processes in semiconductor and optoelectronic devices are considered. Parameters,	5	PC2, PC3	Electricity and magnetism	Basics of radio circuits and signals

			1			
		characteristics and schemes of electronic devices and chips used in radio engineering, and also subtleties of functional electronics are studied.				
	Algorithmization and programming	Know different types and types of algorithms. Apply the knowledge gained in the process of creating flowcharts of various algorithms.	5	PC1, PC3	Introduction to programming	Web-technologies
2		Electi	ive disci	pline - 13		
	Theory of Electrical Communication	The discipline provides for the study of: processes of formation, transformation, and transmission of signals through communication channels, mathematical models and probabilistic characteristics of random messages, signals and noise, spectral characteristics of signals, the foundations of the theory and modern methods of modulation and detection of signals, methods of noise-resistant message reception and noise-resistant coding, optimal signal reception, methods of channel separation. This makes it possible to analyze the processes in communication systems and solve problems to improve the efficiency of communication systems.	5	PC1, PC3	Theory of Electromagnetic Waves Transmission	Basics of radio circuits and signals
	Database design. Introduction to SQL	Use modern database management systems to create databases. Design logical database schemes using relational, object-oriented, object-relational, key-value schemes for simple and complex systems.	5	PC2, PC3	Algorithmization and programming	Python for data analysis
3		Elect	ive disci	pline - 14		
	Theory of Electromagnetic Waves Transmission	Students learn the basics of the theory of electromagnetic processes occurring in different environments, in the transmission lines of electromagnetic energy and linear devices of microwave and optical range.	5	PC1, PC3	Theory of Electromagnetic Field	Modern wireless telecommunicatio n technologies
	Web-technologies	Be able to use the PHP programming language, master the basics of MySQL database and develop server client web applications.	5	PC2, PC3	Algoritmization and programming	Computer Networks (Cisco 1)
4			ive disci	pline - 15		
	Basics of radio circuits and signals	Study of methods and bases of construction of radio engineering circuits and devices, the description of signals and hindrances in radio engineering systems of information transmission, to	5	PC2, PC3	Theory of Electrical Communication	No

				T	1	T
		learn physical essence of processes occurring in radio engineering circuits and devices of processing of reception and transmission of radio signals  Be able to apply data structures,			Databasa dasian	
	Python for data analysis	functions, modules, classes when programming in Python and R.	5	PC2, PC3	Database design. Introduction to SQL	No
5		Electi	ive disci	pline - 16		•
	Modern wireless telecommunicatio n technologies	This discipline is devoted to introducing students to the basics of wireless telecommunication systems. We consider radio engineering and optical wireless technologies for transmitting messages, structural diagrams of systems, basic characteristics, and the ranges of radio frequencies used. The characteristics of modern mobile communication systems, satellite systems, broadcasting are studied. Regulatory documents of the International Telecommunication Union are considered	5	PC1, PC2	Theory of Electromagnetic Waves Transmission	No
	Computer Networks (Cisco 1)	The principles of network technology, access to local and remote network resources.	5	PC2, PC3	Web-technologies	No
6			iscipline	- 17 (Minor)		
	Digital signal processing	Theoretical and practical development of methods and means of digital signal processing, digital filtering, the use of modern software in signal processing.	5	PC2, PC3	Basics of radio circuits and signals	No
	Software design and architecture (SDP5)	Know basic computer components including CPU, ALU and control unit, memory, input-output and memory, and a wide range of memory technologies both internal and external. Analyzes and uses modern approaches and tools in front-end and back-end developments.	5	PC1, PC3	Database design. Introduction to SQL	No

# **4.4.** List of modules and learning outcomes

Name of the educational program: <u>6B01503 - Computer Physics</u>

Qualification: <u>6B015 - Teacher training in science subjects</u>

Module Code / Module Name	Learning outcomes	Criteria for assessing learning outcomes	Module-forming disciplines Code / Name	Module Code / Module Name
		GENERAL EDUCATION MODULES		
	5	LO1	<ol> <li>Oral exam</li> <li>Test</li> <li>Midterm exam</li> <li>Computational and graphic work</li> <li>Exam</li> </ol>	SIK1101 Modern History of Kazakhstan
<b>GEM1</b> – Humanitarian and socio-	5	LOI	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	Fil3102 Philosophy
political module	2	LO1	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	Pol2106 Political science
	2	LO1	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	Psi2108 Psychology

	2	LO1	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	Cul1109 Culturology
	8	LO1	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	FK1110 Physical culture
	5	LO6, LO7, LO10, LO2, LO4, LO5, LO11, LO12, LO8, LO9, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	MPF 3111 Physics teaching methodology
	2	LO3	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	Soc2107 Sociology
CEM2 Languages madula	10	LO3, LO5	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	IYa1103 Foreign language
GEM2-Languages module	10	LO5	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	KRYa1104 Kazakh (Russian) language

GEM3- Infocommunication Technologies	5	LO1	<ol> <li>Oral exam</li> <li>Test</li> <li>Midterm exam</li> <li>Computational and graphic work</li> <li>Exam</li> </ol>	IKTA1105 Information and communication technology (in English)
		BASIC MODULES		
BM1 -	5	LO6, LO7, LO10, LO11, LO12	<ol> <li>Oral exam</li> <li>Test</li> <li>Midterm exam</li> <li>Computational and graphic work</li> <li>Exam</li> </ol>	Meh 1201 Mechanics
BM1- Languages module	4	LO6, LO7, LO8, LO9, LO10, LO11, LO12, LO13	<ol> <li>Oral exam</li> <li>Test</li> <li>Midterm exam</li> <li>Computational and graphic work</li> <li>Exam</li> </ol>	POIY 2202 Professionally-oriented foreign language
	5	LO2, LO4, LO5	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	Mat(I) 1203 Mathematical Analysis - 1
	5	LO2, LO4, LO5	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	Mat(II) 1204 Mathematical Analysis - 2
	5	LO6, LO7, LO10, LO11, LO12	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	VVP 2205 Introduction to programming

		1. Oral exam	
5	LO6, LO7, LO10, LO11, LO12	2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	MF 1206 Molecular physics
6	LO6, LO7, LO10, LO11, LO12	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	EM 2207 Electricity and Magnetism
6	LO6, LO7, LO10, LO11, LO12	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	Opt 2208 Optics
6	LO2, LO4, LO5	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	DU(III) 2209 Differential equations
5	LO6, LO7, LO10, LO11, LO12	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	AYaF 3210 Atomic and Nuclear physics
4	LO8, LO9, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	AF 3211 Astrophysics

	3	LO8, LO9, LO11, LO13	<ol> <li>Oral exam</li> <li>Test</li> <li>Midterm exam</li> <li>Computational and graphic work</li> <li>Exam</li> </ol>	UOP 2303 Educational Internship
Elective component (EC)	4	LO8, LO9, LO13	<ol> <li>Oral exam</li> <li>Test</li> <li>Midterm exam</li> <li>Computational and graphic work</li> <li>Exam</li> </ol>	NTP 2212 Scientific and Technical translation
	4	LO6, LO7, LO8, LO9, LO10, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	KV 2213 Oscillations and Waves
	4	LO11, LO12	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	ONM 2214 Basics of scientific computation
	4	LO11, LO12	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	TKO 2215 Technology of criteria-based assessment
	5	LO8, LO9, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	MP 4216 Educational management

5	LO8, LO9, LO13	<ol> <li>Oral exam</li> <li>Test</li> <li>Midterm exam</li> <li>Computational and graphic work</li> <li>Exam</li> </ol>	OBZ 4217 Health and safety
5	LO8, LO9, LO11, LO12, LO13	<ol> <li>Oral exam</li> <li>Test</li> <li>Midterm exam</li> <li>Computational and graphic work</li> <li>Exam</li> </ol>	ChMMM 4218 Mathematical simulation and numerical methods
5	LO2, LO4, LO5, LO11, LO12	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	OPPU 4219 Basics of semiconductor devices
6	LO8, LO9, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	TFKP 2220 Theory of complex variable function
6	LO8, LO9, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	MIO 2221 Research methods in education
5	LO2, LO4, LO5, LO11, LO12	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	OVTA 2222 Basics of vector and tensor analysis

		1. Oral exam	
5	LO8, LO9, LO13	2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	FRS 2223 Physiology of school student development
5	LO8, LO9, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	Ped 1224 Pedagogy
5	LO8, LO9, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	OASD 2225 Basics of algorithms and data structure
5	LO11, LO12	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	TSP 3228 Thermodynamics and statistical physics
5	LO11, LO12	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	EMFI 4230 Electronic methods in physics research
5	LO8, LO9, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	IMOF 4230 Innovative methods of physics teaching

	5	LO11, LO12	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	FKS 4232 Condensed state physics	
	5	LO8, LO9, LO11, LO12, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	KMO 4233 Computer simulation in education	
	5	LO2, LO4, LO5, LO6, LO7, LO8, LO9, LO10, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	TSE 4234 Technique of school experiment	
	5	LO8, LO10, LO1, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	TM 2232 Theoretical mechanics	
	5	LO8, LO9, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	IO 2240 Inclusive education	
PROFESSIONAL MODULES					
	5	LO8, LO10, LO1, LO13	<ol> <li>Oral exam</li> <li>Test</li> <li>Midterm exam</li> <li>Computational and graphic work</li> <li>Exam</li> </ol>	MMF 3301 Methods of mathematical physics	

	LO8, LO10, LO1, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	TEP 3302 Theory of Electromagnetic Field
3	LO8, LO9, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	OPsy 3226 Educational psychology
	LO8, LO10, LO1, LO13	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	KM 3314 Quantum mechanics
5	LO4, LO11	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	OET 3306 Fundamentals of electronic engineering
	LO4, LO11	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	AP 3307 Algorithmization and programming
	LO4, LO11	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	TES 3308 Theory of Electrical Communication

	1.0.1	
LO4, LO11	<ol> <li>Oral exam</li> <li>Test</li> <li>Midterm exam</li> <li>Computational and graphic work</li> <li>Exam</li> </ol>	PBD 3309 Database design. Introduction to SQL
LO10, LO12	<ol> <li>Oral exam</li> <li>Test</li> <li>Midterm exam</li> <li>Computational and graphic work</li> <li>Exam</li> </ol>	TPEM 3310 Theory of Electromagnetic Waves Transmission
LO4, LO11	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	WT 4311 Web-technologies
LO4, LO11	<ol> <li>Oral exam</li> <li>Test</li> <li>Midterm exam</li> <li>Computational and graphic work</li> <li>Exam</li> </ol>	ORZSV 3312 Basics of radio circuits and signals
LO4, LO11	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	PAD 3313 Python for data analysis
LO4, LO11	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	SBTT 4316 Modern wireless telecommunication technologies

LO4, LO11	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	KS 4317 Computer networks (Cisco 1)
LO4, LO7, LO 10, LO 11	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	ZOS 4318 Digital signal processing
LO4, LO11	1. Oral exam 2. Test 3. Midterm exam 4. Computational and graphic work 5. Exam	AD 4319 Software Design and Architecture (SDP5)

## **5.** Curriculum of the educational program

						s		nent	mic hours	Numl	ber of hou		oom		ber of urs IS	line code)
	Modu le	Discipline	Name of the discipline (ru)	Name of the	Name of the	redit	ster	ssessi	acade		Inch	uding				iscip
Nº	code	code		discipline (kz)	discipline (eng)	Total credits	Semester	Type of assessment	Total number of academic hours	In classroom	Lectures	labs	practicals	Total hours SIS	Including TSIS	Prerequisites (Discipline code)
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
1 GED				1 General Education	on Disciplines (G	<b>ED</b> ) -	56 cred	lits								
1.1 CC				1.1 Compuls	ory component -	51 cr	edits									
GED 1		SIK 1101	Современная история Казахстана	Қазақстанның қазіргі тарихы	Modern History of Kazakhstan	5	1	State exam	150	45	15		30	90	15	-
GED 2		Fil2102	Философия	Философия	Philosophy	5	3	written	150	45	15		30	90	15	-
GED 3		IYa 1103	Иностранный язык	Шет тілі	Foreign language	10	1,2	complex	300	90			90	180	30	-
GED 4		K(R) Ya 1104	Казахский (русский) язык	Қазақ (орыс) тілі	Kazakh (Russian) language	10	1,2	complex	300	90			90	180	30	-
GED 5		IKT1105	Информационно- коммуникационные технологии	Ақпараттық- коммуникациялы қ технологиялар (ағылшын тілінде)	Information and communicatio n technology (in English)	5	1	complex	150	45	15	30		90	15	-
GED 6		Pol2106	Политология	Саясаттану	Political science	2	4	complex	60	30	15		15	20	10	-
GED 7		Soc2107	Социология	Әлеуметтану	Sociology	2	4	complex	60	30	15		15	20	10	-
GED 8		Psi2108	Психология	Психология	Psychology	2	3	complex	60	30	15		15	20	10	-

GED 9	Cul1109	Культурология	Мәдениеттану	Culturology	2	2	complex	60	30	15		15	20	10	-
GED 10	FK1110	Физическая культура	Дене шынықтыру	Physical Culture	8	1,2,3, 4	credit	240	120			12 0	80	40	-
		Total:			51			1530	555	10 5	30	42 0	790	185	
			1.2 U	University compo	onent	(UC)	1		ı				I	I	I
GED 11	MPF 3111	Методика преподавания физики	Физиканы оқытудың әдістемесі	Physics teaching methodology	5	6	written	150	45	15	30		90	15	Ped 2225
		Total:			5			150	45	15	30	0	90	15	
2 BD			2 Basic	c disciplines (BD)	) - 112	2 credits									
2.1 UC			2.1 Univer	rsity component	(UC)	- 60 cred	lits								
BD 1	Mech 1201	Механика	Механика	Mechanics	5	1	written	150	45	15	30		90	15	-
BD 2	POIYa 2202	Профессионально-ориентированный иностранный язык	Кәсіби бағыттағы шет тілі	Professionally -oriented foreign language	4	2	complex	150	45			45	90	15	IYa 1103
BD 3	Mat(I) 1203	Математический анализ - 1	Математикалық талдау - 1	Mathematical Analysis - 1	5	1	written	150	45	15		30	90	15	-
BD 4	Mat(II) 1204	Математический анализ - 2	Математикалық талдау - 2	Mathematical Analysis - 2	5	4	written	150	45	15		30	90	15	DU (III) 2209
BD 5	VVP 1205	Введение в программирование	Программалау негіздері	Introduction to programming	5	2	complex	150	45	15	30		90	15	IKT1 105
BD 6	Mol 1206	Молекулярная физика	Молекулалық физика	Molecular physics	5	2	written	150	45	15	30		90	15	Mech 1201
BD 7	EM 2207	Электричество и магнетизм	Электр және магнетизм	Electricity and Magnetism	6	3	written	180	60	15	30	15	105	15	Mol 1206
BD 8	Opt 2208	Оптика	Оптика	Optics	6	4	written	180	60	15	30	15	105	15	EM 2207
BD 9	DU(III) 2209	Дифференциальные уравнения	Дифференциалды қ теңдеулер	Differential equations	6	3	written	180	60	30		30	105	15	Mat (I) 1203
BD 10	AYaF 3210	Атомная и ядерная физика	Атомдық және ядролық физика	Atomic and Nuclear physics	5	5	written	150	45	15	30		90	15	Opt 2208

BD 11	AF 3211	Астрофизика	Астрофизика	Astrophysics	4	6	written	150	45	15		30	90	15	AYaF 3210
BD 12	UP 2303	Учебная практика	Оқу тәжірибесі	Educational Internship	3	4	internshi p	90	30			30	45	15	-
		Total:			59			1830	570	165	180	225	1080	180	
2.2 EC- BD			2.2 Elec	tive component (	EC)- :	53 credi	its	1						l .	
BD 13		Elective discipline- 1			4	3		120	45	45			60	15	
	NTP 2212	Научно-технический перевод	Ғылыми- техникалық аударма	Scientific and Technical translation			written								POIY a 2202
	KV 2213	Колебания и волны	Тербелістер және толқындар	Oscillations and Waves			written								EM 2207
BD 14		Elective discipline- 2			4	5		120	45	15	30		60	15	
	ONM 2214	Основы научного моделирования	Ғылыми модельдеу негіздері	Basics of scientific computation			complex								VVP 1205
	TKO 2215	Технологии критериального оценивания	Критериялық бағалау технологиялары	Technology of criteria- based assessment			written								Ped 1224
BD 15		Elective discipline- 3			5	8		150	45	15		30	90	15	
	MVP 4216	Менеджмент в педагогике	Педагогикалық менеджмент	Educational management			written								Ped 1224
	OBZ 4217	Основы безопасности жизнедеятельности	Тіршілік қауіпсіздігінің негіздері	Health and safety			written								-
BD 16		Elective discipline- 4			5	8		150	45	15	30		90	15	
	ChMMM 4218	Математическое моделирование и численные методы	Математикалық модельдеу және сандық әдістер	Mathematical simulation and numerical methods			written								MMF 3301
	OPPU 4219	Основы полупроводниковых устройств	Жартылай өткізгіш құралдар негіздері	Basics of semiconducto r devices			written								EM 2207

BD 17		Elective discipline- 5			6	4		180	60	30	30	105	15	
	TFKP 2220	Теория функции комплексного переменного	Комплекс айнымалы функция теориясы	Theory of complex variable function			written							DU(II I) 2209
	MIO 2221	Методы исследования в образовании	Білім берудегі зерттеу әдістері	Methods of investigation in education			written							-
BD 18		Elective discipline- 6			4	3		120	45	15	30	60	15	
	OVTA 2222	Основы векторного и тензорного анализа	Векторлық және тензорлық талдау негіздері	Basics of vector and tensor analysis			written							Mat(I) 1203
	FRS 2223	Физиология развития школьников	Оқушылар дамуының физиологиясы	Physiology of school student development			written							-
BD 19		Elective discipline- 7			5	5		150	45	15	30	90	15	
	Ped 1224	Педагогика	Педагогика	Pedagogy			written							-
	OASD 2225	Основы алгоритмов и структур данных	Алгоритмдер және деректер құрылымының негіздері	Basics of algorithms and data structure			complex							IKT1 105
BD 20		Elective discipline- 8	_		5	7		150	45	15	30	90	15	
	TSP 3228	Термодинамика и статистическая физика	Термодинамика және статистикалық физика	Thermodyna mics and statistical physics			written							Mol 1206
	EMFI 4230	Электронные методы в физических исследованиях	Физикалық зерттеулердегі электрондық әдістер	Electronic methods in physical investigations			complex							AYaF 3210
BD 21		Elective discipline- 9			5	7		150	45	15	30	90	15	
	IMOF 4230	Инновационные методы обучения физике	Физика пәнін оқытуда инновациялық әдістер	Innovative methods of physics teaching			complex							MPF 3111
	FKS 4232	Физика конденсированного состояния	Конденсирленген күй физикасы	Condensed state physics			complex							KM 3314

BD 22		Elective discipline- 10			5	8		150	45	15	30		90	15	
	KMO 4232	Компьютерное моделирование в образовании	Білімдегі компьютерлік модельдеу	Computer simulation in education			written								ONM 2214
	TSE 4234	Техника школьного эксперимента	Мектеп экспериментінің техникасы	Technique of school experiment			written								EMFI 4230
BD 23		Elective discipline- 11			5	4		150	45	15		30	90	15	
	TM 2232	Теоретическая механика	Теориялық механика	Theoretical Mechanics			written								Mech 1201
	IO 2240	Инклюзивное образование	Инклюзивтік білім беру	Inclusive education			written								-
		Total:			53			1620	510	16 5	90	25 5	945	165	
3 PD			3. Profess	ional disciplines	(PD)	- 60 cre	lits								
3.1			3.1 Unive	rsity component	(UC)	- 30 cre	dits								
PD 1	MMF 3301	Методы математической физики	Математикалық физиканың әдістері	Methods of mathematical physics	5	5	written	150	45	15		30	90	15	TM 2232
PD 2	TEP 3302	Теория электромагнитного поля	Электрмагниттік өріс теориясы	Theory of Electromagne tic Field	5	5	written	150	45	15		30	90	15	EM 2207
PD 3	OPsy 3226	Образовательная психология	Білім беру психологиясы	Educational psychology	3	5	complex	90	30	15		15	45	15	Psi21 08
PD 4	PP 3304	Педагогическая практика	Педагогикалық тәжірибе	Pedagogical Internship	3	6	internshi p	120					90	30	UP 2303
PD 5	PDP 4305	Преддипломная практика	Диплом алдындағы тәжірибе	Pre-diploma Internship	3	8	internshi p	90					75	15	PP 3304
PD 6	PP 3304	Педагогическая практика	Педагогикалық тәжірибе	Pedagogical Internship	5	7	internshi p	120					90	30	UP 2303
PD 7	KM 3314	Квантовая механика	Кванттық механика	Quantum mechanics	6	6	written	180	60	30		30	105	15	Opt 2208
		Total:			30			900	180	75		10 5	585	135	
3.2 EC- PD			3.2 Elec	tive component (	EC)	30 credi	ts								
PD 8		Elective discipline- 12			5	5		150	45	15	30		90	15	

	OET 2206		Электрондық	Fundamentals										EM
	OET 3306	Основы электронной техники	техника негіздері	of electronic engineering			written							2207
	AP 3307	Алгоритмизация и программирование	Алгоритмдеу жэне программалау	Algoritmizati on and programming			complex							VVP 1205
PD 9		Elective discipline- 13			5	6		150	45	15	30	90	15	
	TES 3308	Теория электрической связи	Электр байланысы теориясы	Theory of Electrical Communicati on			written							TEP 3302
	PBD 3309	Проектирование баз данных. Введение в SQL	Деректер қорын жобалау. SQL-ге кіріспе	Database design. Introduction to SQL			complex							AP 3307
PD 10		Elective discipline- 14			5	6		150	45	15	30	90	15	
	TPEM 3310	Теория передачи электромагнитных волн	Электрмагниттік толқындардың таратылу теориясы	Theory of Electromagne tic Waves Transmission			written							TEP 3302
	WT 4311	Web-технологии	Web- технологиялар	Web- technologies			complex							AP 3307
PD 11	ДВ 17	Elective discipline- 15			5	7		150	45	15	30	90	15	
	ORZSV 3312	Основы радиотехнических цепей и сигналов	Радиотехникалық тізбектер мен сигналдардың негіздері	Basics of radio circuits and signals			written							TES 3308
	PAD 3313	Python для анализа данных	Деректерді талдау үшін Python	Python for data analysis			complex							PBD 3309
PD 12	ДВ 18	Elective discipline- 16			5	7		150	45	15	30	90	15	
	SBTT 4316	Современные беспроводные технологии телекоммуникаций	Телекоммуникац ияның заманауи сымсыз технологиялары	Modern wireless telecommunic ation technologies			written							TPE M 3310
	KS 4317	Компьютерные сети (Cisco 1)	Компьютерлік желілер (Cisco 1)	Computer Networks (Cisco 1)			complex							WT 4311

PD 13		Elective discipline- 17 (Minor)			5	7		150	45	15	30		90	15	
	ZOS 4318	Цифровая обработка сигналов	Сигналдарды цифрлық өңдеу	Digital signal processing			written								ORZS V 3312
	AD 4319	Архитектура и дизайн ПО (SDP5)	Бағдарламалық жасақтама архитектурасы және дизайны (SDP5)	Software Design and Architecture (SDP5)			complex								PBD 3309
		Total:			30			900	270	90	180	0	540	90	
		Amount of exams			60										
		Total of theoretical education						6840	2235	645	570	1020	3790	815	
		Sum of credits:			228										
				5. Final examin	ation										
	NZDP	Написание и защита дипломного проекта	Диссертацияны жазу және қорғау	Writing and defense of thesis	12	8		360					270	90	
		TOTAL			240			360					270	90	

## 6. Additional educational programs (Minor)

The name of the additional educational program (Minor) with an indication of the list of disciplines that form Minor	Total number of credits / Number of credits in the disciplin e	Semeste r of study	Documents on the results of the developme nt of additional educational programs (Minor)
Physical processes in radio engineering and telecommunications	15		Transcript
- Electronic methods in physics research	5	5	
- Physical fundamentals of optoelectronics	5	6	
- Fundamentals of Quantum Physics	5	7	

## 7. An approval sheet with the developers

Code and classification of the field of education: 6B01 - Pedagogical sciences

Ng n/n	Position, scientific or academic degree, name and surname of the developer of the educational program	Date	Signature	Note
1	Head. Department of «Radio engineering, electronics and telecommunications», Assistant Professor, PhD Daineko Yevgenia Alexandrovna	21.05.2019	ETHY.	
2	Professor of the «Radio engineering, electronics and telecommunications» Department, candidate of technical sciences, Aitmagambetov Altai Zufarovich	21.05.2019	tet	
3	Associate professor of the «Computer Engineering and Information Security», Department, PhD Duzbayev Nurzhan Tokkuzhayevich	21.05.2019	27	
4	Assistant Professor of the «Radio engineering, electronics and telecommunications» Department, PhD Kabatayeva Raushan Sarsembekovna	21.05.2019	Fos	